

Ancient Indian History, Culture & Archeology(M.Phil.) (1068)

1. John Marshall is associated with:
(A) Discovery of Indo-European Language Group
(B) Discovery of Indo-Dravidian Language Group
(C) Discovery of Indus Valley Civilization
(D) None of the Above
2. According to Max Muller Aryans migrated into India from:
(A) North Pole (B) Central Asia
(C) Tibet (D) West Asia
3. In Avesta the term '*daeva*' refers to:
(A) Gods (B) Demons
(C) Humans (D) None of the Above
4. How many Mandalas are in *Rigveda*?
(A) 10 (B) 9 (C) 11 (D) 8
5. Which of the following river is not mentioned in *Rigveda*?
(A) Indus (B) Sutlej (C) Narmada (D) Ravi
6. In *Rigveda* the term 'Duhitri' refers to:
(A) Sister (B) Daughter (C) Wife (D) Mother
7. The Panini's *Ashtadhyayi* is:
(A) An epic (B) A Drama
(C) A Biography (D) A Sanskrit Grammar
8. In the following list, who was not the ruler of Magadha:
(A) Bimbisara (B) Ajatashastu
(C) Dhana Nanda (D) Pradyota
9. Which of the following was a monarchy?
(A) Lichchhavi (B) Shakya (C) Avanti (D) Malava
10. According to Buddhist philosophy, what is the cause of suffering:
(A) Desire (B) Wealth (C) Poverty (D) Disease
11. Which of the following statement is wrong?
(A) Buddha did not believe in the existence of soul

- (B) Buddha believed in the existence of soul
- (C) Buddha renounced the world at the age of 29
- (D) Buddha was married to Yashodhara and has a son Rahula

12. Mahavirawas:

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| (A) 21 st Jain tirthanakar | (B) 22 nd Jain tirthanakar |
| (C) 23 rd Jain tirthanakar | (D) 24 th Jain tirthanakar |

13. According to whom, North Pole was the original homeland of Aryans?

- | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| (A) Max Muller | (B) Dayanand Saraswati |
| (C) B. B. Lal | (D) Bal Gangadhar Tilak |

14. Where took place the first Jain council:

- | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|
| (A) Vaishali | (B) Rajagriha | (C) Mathura | (D) Pataliputra |
|--------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|

15. According to Jain philosophy *triratnas* are:

- (A) Right knowledge, Right action and Right faith
- (B) Right meditation, Right speech and Right action
- (C) Right knowledge, Right meditation and Right speech
- (D) Right speech, Right faith, and Right action

16. Who wrote *Mudrarakshasa*?

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| (A) Kalidasa | (B) Vishakhadatta |
| (C) Varahamihira | (D) Amarasimha |

17. Indrapastha was the capital city of:

- | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| (A) Magadha Mahajanapada | (B) Avanti Mahajanpada |
| (C) Kuru Mahajanapada | (D) Panchala Mahajanapada |

18. Which of the following author wrote the book: *Indian feudalism c. A.D. 300- 1200*?

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| (A) D. D. Kosambi | (B) R. S. Sharma |
| (C) D. N. Jha | (D) Irfan Habib |

19. Who were Panyadhyaksha?

- | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (A) Revenue collectors | (B) Superintendent of commerce |
| (C) Superintendent of markets | (D) Superintendents of tolls |

20. Who were Gahapatis?

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| (A) Rich Landlords | (B) Slaves |
| (C) Hired Labourers | (D) Share-croppers |

21. “*Sunyanivesa*”, according to *Arthashastra* refers to:
- (A) Establishment of new villages
 - (B) Re-establishment of deserted villages
 - (C) Establishment of elephant forests
 - (D) Establishment of military garrisons
22. Who were Andhra-Bhritiyas?
- (A) Sakas
 - (B) Parthians
 - (C) Satavahanas
 - (D) Vakatakas
23. Which Satavahana ruler assumed the title: “Lord of the Deccan”?
- (A) Simuka
 - (B) Krishna
 - (C) Gotamiputra Satakarni
 - (D) Vasisthiputra Pulumavi
24. Who wrote *Arthashastra*?
- (A) Banabhatta
 - (B) Kautilaya
 - (C) Amarasimha
 - (D) Kalidasa
25. Barygaza was a:
- (A) Royal city
 - (B) Pilgrimage centre
 - (C) Riverine port
 - (D) Sea port
26. Which of the following pair is wrong:
- (A) Muziris – Malabar coast
 - (B) Barbarycum- Indus River
 - (C) Bhrigukachcha- Narmada River
 - (D) Tamralipti – Tapti River
27. Term *shreni* refers to:
- (A) Guild
 - (B) Military troop
 - (C) Naval fleet
 - (D) Village assembly
28. Gandharva type of marriage refers to:
- (A) Marriage by abduction
 - (B) Marriage with mutual consent
 - (C) Marriage by Purchasing a bride
 - (D) None of the Above
29. In which form, Siva is represented as a lord of physicians?
- (A) Kalasmhara
 - (B) Ardhanarishvara
 - (C) Vaidyanatha
 - (D) Gangadhara
30. Which form of Siva is associated with Dance?
- (A) Nataraja
 - (B) Kalasmhara
 - (C) Dakshinamurti
 - (D) None of the Above

- 31.** Which Ashokan pillar has a Bull capital?
(A) Sarnatha (B) Rampurva
(C) Sanchi (D) Lauriya Nandangarh
- 32.** Barabar and Nagarjuni caves in Bihar are associated with:
(A) Ajivikas (B) Jains (C) Buddhists (D) Brahmanas
- 33.** A modest platform enclosed by a railing on the top surface of hemispherical dome (*anda*) in *Stupa* architecture is called:
(A) Yashti (B) Chattra (C) Harmika (D) Vedika
- 34.** The term Vimana in Dravidian temple architecture refers to:
(A) Spire (B) Porch (C) Sanctum (D) Entrance
- 35.** Tamil term for Megaliths is:
(A) Pandukal (B) Neital (C) Marutam (D) Kurunji
- 36.** The earliest text on Tamil grammar is:
(A) Manimekalai (B) Tirukkural
(C) Melkannakku (D) Tolkkappiyam
- 37.** Central Themes of Sangam literature are:
(A) Devotion and Dance (B) Love and War
(C) Devotion and Love (D) Dance and War
- 38.** Uraiyur was the capital city of:
(A) Cheras (B) Cholas (C) Pandeyas (D) Satavahanas
- 39.** Pallava dynasty was founded by:
(A) Mahendravarman I (B) Simhavishnu
(C) Nandivarman III (D) Aparajita
- 40.** *Ratha* temples are associated with:
(A) Durga (B) Vishnu (C) Pandavas (D) Pashupatas
- 41.** Who founded the Chola dynasty?
(A) Vijayalaya (B) Aditya I (C) Parantaka I (D) Rajaraja I
- 42.** Which Chola ruler conducted a raid across South East Asia in 1025-26 AD?
(A) Rajaraja I (B) Aditya I (C) Parantaka I (D) Rajendra I
- 43.** Kushanas belonged to which central Asian tribe?

- (A) Hunas (B) Mongols (C) Yueh-zhi (D) Scythian

44. The number of Nayanar saints is:

- (A) 12 (B) 24 (C) 63 (D) 93

45. Alvar saints were associated with:

- (A) Shaivism (B) Vaishnavism (C) Shaktism (D) Tantrism

46. Who wrote *Meghaduta*:

- (A) Kalidasa (B) Banabhatta
(C) Bhavabhuti (D) Varahamihira

47. Who wrote *Natyashastra*?

- (A) Kalidasa (B) Vatsayayana
(C) Bharata Muni (D) Amarasingha

48. Which of the following text provides information related to the Gupta king Ramagupta?

- (A) Mudrarakshasa (B) Dasakumaracarita
(C) Devichandraguptam (D) Raghuvamsha

49. Gana-Sangha refers to:

- (A) Oligarchy (B) Monarchy
(C) Tyranny (D) None of the Above

50. Who is mentioned as Lichchhavi-duhitra in the Allahabad inscription?

- (A) Ashoka (B) Samudragupta
(C) Chandragupta (D) Harshavardhana

x-x-x

Defence Studies

1. Which of the following high level committee was constituted by GoI in the backdrop of Pathankot Airbase attack?
(A) Madhukar Gupta committee (B) Sailesh Nayak committee
(C) Madhav Godbole Task forced (D) Naresh Chandra Committee
2. Arrange the following events in a chronological ascending order on the basis of code given below:
i) Dr. Mahathir Mohammad became Prime Minister in Malaysia.
ii) Ferdinand Marcos fled to Hawaii from the Philippines.
iii) Sukarno transferred power to Suharto in Indonesia.
iv) Lao People's Democratic Republic was established.
Codes:
(A) iv ii iii I (B) iii iv i ii (C) ii iv iii I (D) i iii ii iv
3. Match List – I (Country) with List – II (Year of Independence) by using the correct code given below:

List – I (Country)	List – II (Year)
a) Brunei	i. 1957
b) Cambodia	ii. 1948
c) Malaysia	iii. 1984
d) Myanmar	iv. 1953

Codes:

	a	b	c	d
(A)	iv	iii	ii	i
(B)	iii	iv	i	ii
(C)	i	ii	iv	iii
(D)	ii	iii	iv	i
4. Who said “Diplomacy without Armament is like music without instrument”?
(A) Machiavelli (B) Fredrick (C) Bismarck (D) Kaiser
5. Who propounded the “Neorealist Theory” in International Relations?
(A) H.J. Morgenthau (B) K.W. Thompson
(C) Robert Dahl (D) Kenneth Waltz
6. Who of the following authored the book –Imperilaism: the highest stage of Capitalism?
(A) Karl Marx (B) V. Lenin
(C) Eisenhower (D) Walter Rostow

7. Which one of the following countries has followed the 'National Security Strategy of Engagement and Enlargement' worldwide?
(A) USA (B) Russia (C) EU (D) China
8. Who stated that "Terrorism is not like hurricane before which we are helpless"?
(A) George P. Shultz (B) G.W. Bush
(C) Tony Blair (D) Bill Clinton
9. Which one of the following theorists is associated with the "dependency school" of international relations?
(A) Robert Keohane (B) Kenneth Waltz
(C) Andre Gunder Frank (D) Samuel Huntington
10. Which one of the following doctrines of India's Foreign Policy is known as our "Monroe Doctrine"?
(A) Sardar K.M. Pannikar Doctrine (B) Gujral Doctrine
(C) Rajiv Doctrine (D) Indira Doctrine
11. Which one of the following Articles of the UN Charter empowers the Secretary-General to inform the UN Security Council about the breach of international security and peace?
(A) Article 99 (B) Article 18 (C) Article 21 (D) Article 23
12. Who, among the following thinkers, is not related to traditional realist school?
(A) Thucydides (B) Nicolo Machiavelli
(C) Thomas Hobbes (D) Joseph Nye
13. It may be seen melodramatic to say that the US and Russia represent good and evil, light and darkness, God and Devil. But, if we think of it that way, it helps to clarify our perspective of Worlds Struggle. Who of the following had said in context of US-Russian rivalry?
(A) John F. Kennedy (B) Richard Nixon
(C) Winston Churchill (D) George Marshall
14. Who opined that 'liberalism is the strongest contemporary challenge to realism'?
(A) Caporaso (B) John Locke
(C) Emmanuel Kant (D) Adam Smith
15. Which country hosted it's first-ever Shanghai Cooperation Organisation-Regional Anti-Terrorist Structure (SCO-RATS)?
(A) Pakistan (B) Kazakhstan (C) India (D) Tajikistan
16. The military exercise of Indian Army "Gandiv Vijay 2018" was concluded in which state?

- (A) Punjab (B) Rajasthan
(C) Himachal Pradesh (D) Uttar Pradesh
17. The joint military exercise “SURYA KIRAN-XIII” between India and Nepal was conducted at which place?
(A) Gorakhpur (B) Jaisalmer (C) Pithoragarh (D) Saljhandi
18. The Union Cabinet has recently approved USOF to provide mobile connectivity in Left Wing Extremism (LWE) areas. What does “USOF” stands for?
(A) Universal Service Obligation Fund (B) Universal Service Offering Fund
(C) Universal Service Oak Fund (D) Universal Service Opacity Fund
19. The 2018 National Anti Terrorism Day (NATD) is celebrated on which date in India?
(A) May 22 (B) May 23 (C) May 21 (D) May 20
20. Which country has launched world’s first floating nuclear power station?
(A) United States (B) Russia (C) China (D) France
21. Who made the Statement- those who believe the way to maintain peace is by being weak are over and over again shown by history to be wrong?
(A) Richard Pearle (B) Roger Fischer
(C) Dean Acheson (D) Anatol Rapaport
22. Who among the following stated that ‘Geopolitics is a pseudo-science, erecting the factor of geography into an absolute’?
(A) Mackinder (B) N.J. Spikman
(C) Carl Haushofer (D) Hans J. Morgenthau
23. The Strategic Defence Initiative (SDI) was conceived during the incumbency of one of the following US Presidents:
(A) Richard Nixon (B) Ronald Reagan
(C) Bill Clinton (D) Jimmy Carter
24. Which country is going to host the Bay of Bengal Initiative for Multi-Sectoral Technical and Economic Cooperation (BIMSTEC) summit in 2018?
(A) Nepal (B) Bhutan (C) Myanmar (D) Sri-lanka
25. According to recently released report of Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI), India has emerged as largest military spender in 2017.
(A) 1st (B) 3rd (C) 4th (D) 5th
26. Which of the following is not a sonar?

- (A) Sudarshan (B) HUMVAD (C) Nagin (D) Panchendriya
27. Who said, "If you win, you need not have to explain..... If you loose, you should not be there to explain"?
- (A) Adolf Hitler (B) Winston Churchill
(C) Plato (D) Napoleon
28. The Tulip Revolution occurred in which country?
- (A) Kyrgyzstan (B) Algeria (C) Bahrain (D) Djibouti
29. The Molotov–Ribbentrop Pact was signed between:
- (A) USA-USSR (B) USA-Germany
(C) USA-Japan (D) USSR-Germany
30. The United States dropped the bombs on Japan after obtaining the consent of the United Kingdom, as required by the:
- (A) Quebec Agreement (B) Mutual alliance treaty
(C) Self defense agreement (D) Truman-Roosevelt agreement.
31. In the oriental world, who among the following had not contributed to the evolution of traditional political realism?
- (A) Kautilya (B) Shang Yang (C) Han Fei (D) Megasthenes
32. Who among the following defined war as a "legal condition which equally permits two or more hostile groups to carry on a conflict by armed forces."?
- (A) J.U. Nef (B) H. Nickerson (C) Quincy Wright (D) Clausewitz
33. Match the following thinkers given in List – I with their works in List – II with the help of the code mentioned as under:
- | List – I (Thinkers) | | | | List–II (Works) | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| a) | Carl von Clausewitz | | | 1. | End of History and the Last Man | | |
| b) | Francis Fukuyama | | | 2. | Democratic Ideals and the Reality | | |
| c) | Halford Mackinder | | | 3. | The Imperial Defence | | |
| d) | Raymond Aron | | | 4. | Vom Krieg | | |
- Codes :
- | | a | b | c | d |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| (A) | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| (B) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (C) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| (D) | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
34. In which one of the following states the Garden Reach Workshop is located?
- (A) West Bengal (B) Punjab (C) Maharashtra (D) Goa

35. Who argued that “the central theme of international relations is not evil, but tragedy”?
(A) Robert Jervis (B) K. Subrahmanyam
(C) B. Buzan (D) Arnold Wolfers
36. India became the member of MTCR on
(A) 27 June, 2016 (B) 28 June, 2016 (C) 29 June, 2016 (D) 30 June, 2016
37. Match the following treaties in Table-I with their year in Table-II with the help of the code given below:
- | Table-I (Treaties) | | | | Table-II (Year) | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|------|
| a) | Dayton Peace Accord | | | i. | 1967 |
| b) | Treaty of Tlatelolco | | | ii. | 1995 |
| c) | Treaty of Westphalia | | | iii. | 1970 |
| d) | Nuclear NonProliferation Treaty | | | iv. | 1648 |
- Codes :
- | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | a | b | c | d |
| (A) | i | ii | iii | iv |
| (B) | iii | iv | i | ii |
| (C) | ii | i | iv | iii |
| (D) | iv | iii | ii | i |
38. “Ottawa Treaty” on landmines entered into force on
(A) 1st March, 1997 (B) 1st March, 1999
(C) 3rd March 1997 (D) 5th March, 1999
39. Who among the following was Second Defence Minister of India?
(A) Baldev Singh (B) V.K. Krishna Menon
(C) Yashwantrao Chavan (D) Kailash Nath Katju
40. The Tibet uprising against China took place on:
(A) 18 February, 1959 (B) 10 February, 1959
(C) 10 March, 1959 (D) 18 March, 1959
41. In which year Japan withdrew from the League of Nations?
(A) 1931 (B) 1933 (C) 1935 (D) 1937
42. Name the year in which IC-814 plane was hijacked by foreign-sponsored terrorists.
(A) 24 Dec, 1998 (B) 24 Dec, 1999
(C) 25 Dec, 1999 (D) 25 Dec, 2001
43. Which of the following countries rescued Maldives in a bigger way when it was struck by Water Crisis on 4th December, 2005?
(A) China (B) Sri-lanka (C) USA (D) India

44. Who amongst the names given had made Gaither Committee to assess the Soviet Missile Capability after the launch of Sputnik?
(A) Robert Macnamara (B) Eisenhower
(C) Truman (D) Johnson
45. Which of the following operation was launched by the Indian Army in November 1986 to simulate a full-scale war on its western border?
(A) Operation Brasstacks (B) Exercise Ashwamedha
(C) Exercise Shakti (D) Exercise Shoorveer
46. The INS Sindhuratna (S59) diesel-electric submarine fire incident took place on:
(A) 26 February 2014 (B) 28 February 2016
(C) 26 February 2017 (D) 26 February 2017
47. Match the following border lines (Table – I) with their respective countries (Table – II) and choose the correct code:
- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Table – I | Table – II |
| Countries | Border Lines |
| a) McMahon Line | (i) India-China |
| b) 38th Parallel | (ii) North Korea & South Korea |
| c) Hidenburg line | (iii) Poland & Germany |
| d) Maginot Line | (iv) France & Germany |
- Codes :
- | | | | |
|-----------|-------|-------|------|
| a. | b. | c. | d. |
| (A) (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (B) (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (C) (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (D) (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |
48. The UN World Conference on Human Rights in June 1993 was held in:
(A) Geneva (B) Vienna (C) London (D) Paris
49. Who lamented that 'humanity had entered the new millennium through a gate of fire'?
(A) Kofi Annan (B) Ban Ki Moon
(C) Boutros Boutros Ghali (D) U. Thant
50. A study Group headed by one of the following has been formed by Union Home ministry to examine problems faced by people near IB/ LOC in J&K in wake of regular cease fire violation by Pakistan
(A) Radha Kumar (B) G.Das (C) Shankar Nair (D) Rina Mitra

Economics

1. Rational decision making requires that:
(A) One's choices be arrived at logically and without error.
(B) One's choices be consistent with one's goals.
(C) One's choices never vary
(D) One makes choices that do not involve trade-offs.
2. Identify the correct statement:
(A) In deductive method, logic proceeds from particular to the general.
(B) Micro and Macro Economics are interdependent.
(C) In a capitalist economy, the economic problems are solved by Planning Commission
(D) Higher the prices, lower is the quantity demanded of a product is a normative statement.
3. If the quantity demanded of mutton increases by 5% when the price of chicken increases by 20%, the cross elasticity of demand between mutton and chicken is
(A) -0.25 (B) 0.25 (C) -4 (D) 4
4. Which one of the following is also known as Planning Curve:
(A) Long Run Average Cost Curve (B) Short Run Average Cost Curve
(C) Average Variable Cost curve (D) Average Total Cost Curve
5. When $e < 1$, then MR is
(A) Negative (B) Zero (C) Positive (D) One
6. The industrial sector faced the process of retrogression and deceleration during:
(A) 1950-1965 (B) 1990-2005 (C) 1980-1995 (D) 1965-1980
7. In which State is the sex ratio most favorable to women:
(A) Andhra Pradesh (B) Uttar Pradesh
(C) Kerala (D) Karnataka
8. Most of the unemployment in India is:
(A) Voluntary (B) Structural
(C) Frictional (D) Technical
9. At present only ___ industries are reserved for the public sector:
(A) 5 (B) 7 (C) 8 (D) 2
10. SEZ Act came into effect in:
(A) 2002 (B) 2003 (C) 2006 (D) 2007
11. 'Pradhanmantri Bharat Jodo' Pariyojana is related to:
(A) Communication (B) Social integration

- (C) Linking of rivers (D) Development of highways
12. The locus of Pareto Optimality in production and consumption is given by
(A) The Social Welfare Function (B) The Utility Possibility Curve
(C) The Transformation Curve (D) The Grand Utility Possibility Curve
13. In a multiple regression with three independent variables, the regression coefficients are to be tested. Which test would be used?
(A) Z test (B) F test (C) χ^2 test (D) t test
14. In terms of deposit mobilization ____ leads other States:
(A) Uttar Pradesh (B) Maharashtra
(C) Kerala (D) Bihar
15. Which of the following satisfy time reversal test but not factor reversal test:
(A) Laspeyre's Index Number (B) Fisher Index Number
(C) Paasche's Index Number (D) Marshall-Edgeworth Index Number
16. As long as the substitution effect dominates the income effect, the labor supply curve is:
(A) Negatively sloped (B) Positively sloped
(C) Bend backward (D) Shifting towards left
17. The concept of 'Learning by doing' was given by:
(A) J R Hicks (B) Kenneth Arrow
(C) Joan Robinson (D) Nicholas Kaldor
18. In Hicks' neutral technical progress, the technical progress is:
(A) Capital augmenting
(B) Labor augmenting
(C) Both labor and capital augmenting
(D) Change in the efficiency and productivity of labor
19. The algebraic sum of deviations of a given set of observations from their Arithmetic Mean is:
(A) ∞ (B) 1 (C) -1 (D) 0
20. Assume that RBI reduces the Bank Rate by 1%. What will be its impact?
(A) Less liquidity in the market
(B) More liquidity in the market
(C) No change in the market
(D) Mobilization of more deposits by commercial banks
21. Whose signature is found on a 50 rupee note in India?
(A) President of India (B) Governor of RBI
(C) Finance Minister (D) Prime Minister of India

22. Which of the following schemes is NOT launched by the Government of India:
(A) Old Age pension scheme (B) Bharat Nirman
(C) Kutir Jyoti (D) Swachh Jal Yojana
23. Which of the following is not considered a money market instrument:
(A) Treasury Bills (B) Repurchase agreement
(C) Commercial paper (D) Certificate of deposit
24. Who distinguished between value-in-use and value-in-exchange and gave famous example of diamonds and water?
(A) Adam Smith (B) Alfred Marshall
(C) David Ricardo (D) Karl Marx
25. Debt service ratio is the ratio of debt service payments, comprising of the principal and the interest thereupon to the country's _____
(A) External borrowings (B) Export earnings
(C) Trade balance (D) External liabilities
26. Which among the following is/are function(s) of the NITI Aayog – the successor in the interest to the Planning Commission?
(i) To evolve a shared vision of national development priorities sectors and strategies with the active involvement of states in the light of national objectives.
(ii) To pay special attention to those sections of our society that may be at risk of not benefiting adequately from economic progress.
(iii) To design strategic and long term policy and programme frameworks and initiatives, and monitor their progress as well as their efficiency
(iv) To foster cooperative federalism through structured support initiatives and mechanisms with the States on a continuous basis.
(A) only (iv) (B) (iii) and (iv)
(C) (i) (ii) (iii) and (iv) (D) (i) (iii) and (iv)
27. The Twelfth Five Year Plan (2012-17) outlines a strategy to achieve a GDP growth rate of
(A) 5% (B) 8% (C) 6% (D) 7%
28. Net value added is equal to
(A) Payments accruing to factors of production
(B) Compensation to employees
(C) Wages plus rent
(D) Value of output minus depreciation
29. The First Five Year Plan of the Government of India was based on:
(A) Leontief Input Output model (B) Harrod Domar Model
(C) Mahalanobis two sector model (D) Mahalanobis four sector model
30. Chairman of the 12th Finance Commission was

- (A) A.M. Khusro (B) K.C. Pant
(C) Pranab Mukherji (D) C. Rangarajan
31. The 'expansion path' is the locus of points of producer's equilibrium resulting when the
(A) Price of input X changes
(B) Price of input Y changes
(C) Money outlay of the entrepreneur is varied
(D) Entrepreneur shifts on to a higher isoquant
32. When short cut method is used, which of the following formula is applied to calculate Arithmetic Mean of the Grouped data?
(A) $\bar{X} = A + \frac{d\Sigma f}{N} \times i$ (B) $\bar{X} = d + \frac{A\Sigma f}{N} \times i$
(C) $\bar{X} = A + \frac{\Sigma fd}{N} \times i$ (D) $\bar{X} = A + \frac{\Sigma f}{N} \times i$
33. When β_2 is greater than 3, the curve will be:
(A) Leptokurtic (B) Mesokurtic (C) Platykurtic (D) None of these
34. The theory of 'social dualism' has been put forward by
(A) N. Kaldor (B) J H Boeke (C) W.W. Rostow (D) G. Myrdal
35. Which of the following is use of index numbers?
(A) They help in framing suitable policies
(B) They reveal trends and tendencies
(C) They are very useful in deflating
(D) All of the above
36. The Leontief Paradox raises doubts about the validity of:
(A) Ricardian theory (B) Heckscher-Ohlin Theorem
(C) The Rybczynski theorem (D) The Mill-Bastable Test
37. The Infant Industry Argument was first forwarded by:
(A) Friedrich List (B) Jagdish Bhagwati
(C) Irving Kravis (D) Knut Wicksell
38. The exchange rate is kept same in all parts of markets by:
(A) Exchange Arbitrage (B) Hedging
(C) Speculation (D) All of the above
39. In the Keynesian theory, the liquidity preference and the rate of interest are:
(A) Directly related (B) Inversely related
(C) Positively related (D) Not at all related
40. ____ is the apex bank for agriculture credit in India
(A) RBI (B) SIDBI (C) NABARD (D) ICICI

41. Credit is a
(A) Stock concept (B) Flow concept
(C) A stock flow concept (D) Neither a stock nor a flow
42. The concept of 'Demonstration Effect' was propounded by
(A) Dussenberry (B) Friedman
(C) Modigliani and Ando (D) Marshall
43. Quasi-rent is
(A) Price—Average Variable Cost
(B) Price— Average Fixed Cost
(C) Price—Average variable Cost + Average Fixed Cost
(D) Price— Marginal Cost
44. If the two factors are perfect substitutes, the elasticity of substitution between them is
(A) Negative (B) Infinity (C) Positive (D) Unity
45. The elasticity of technical substitution is measured by
(A) The slope of the isoquant
(B) The change in the slope of the isoquant
(C) The ratio of factor inputs
(D) None of the above
46. In the short run, the supply curve of a competitive firm is –
(A) The rising portion of the Marginal Cost Curve lying above the minimum point of the Average Variable Cost Curve
(B) The falling portion of the Marginal Cost Curve lying before the minimum point of the Average Variable Cost Curve
(C) The rising portion of the Marginal Cost Curve after the highest point of Total Cost Curve
(D) None of the above
47. Circular flow of income in a two sector model implies
(A) Payments from households to firms and back again
(B) Payment from firms to firms
(C) Payments from households to households
(D) Payments from households to firms
48. Coefficient of determination r^2 for a regression model
(A) $r^2 = Y$ (B) $0 \leq r^2 \leq 1$ (C) $r^2 \geq 1$ (D) $r^2 = 0$
49. If the demand for the good is unitary elastic, the price consumption curve would be
(A) Upward sloping (B) Downward sloping
(C) Horizontal straight line (D) Vertical straight line

50. Accepting a false hypothesis results in which type of error?
- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| (A) Type I error | (B) Type II error |
| (C) Structural error | (D) Hypothesis error |

$x-x-x$

Gandhian Studies

1. In which year Gandhi's father died?
(A) 1883 (B) 1884 (C) 1885 (D) 1882
2. The Autobiography (in English) was initially published in Two Volumes. When was the Second Volume published?
(A) 1929 (B) 1928 (C) 1927 (D) 1926
3. 'Unto This Last' was given by whom to Gandhi ji?
(A) Mr. Edwin Arnold (B) Mr. Henry Pollack
(C) Mr. J.J. Doke (D) Mr. Kallen Beach
4. In which year did Gandhi ji first experience imprisonment?
(A) 1906 (B) 1908 (C) 1907 (D) 1909
5. First Biographer on Gandhi:
(A) J. J. Doke (B) Edwin Arnold
(C) Henry Pollack (D) Kallen Beach
6. Gandhi's elder sister was:
(A) Rambha (B) Kamla
(C) Kasturba (D) Raliatbehn
7. In Yervada Jail who encouraged Gandhi ji to complete writing his autobiography?
(A) Joshi ji (B) Sjt. Jeramdas
(C) Baycheer ji Swamy (D) Pt. Jawahar Lal Nehru
8. Joshiji's actual name was?
(A) Baycheer ji Swamy (B) Sardar Patel
(C) Bal Ganga Dhar Tilak (D) Mavji Dave
9. The original name of the Meera Behan was:
(A) India Gandhi (B) Sarojnee Naidu
(C) Kamla Nehru (D) Ms. Slade
10. Gandhi returned back to India finally from South Africa in which year?
(A) 1915 (B) 1914 (C) 1913 (D) 1916
11. In how many parts Mahatma Gandhi's Autobiography is divided?
(A) Five (B) Four (C) Three (D) Six

12. Who was the associate of Mahatma Gandhi who founded the Harijan Sevak Sangh?
(A) Bak Ganga Dhar Tilak (B) Thakkar Bapa
(C) Venva Bhavae (D) Sardar Patel
13. What was the surname of Kasturba Gandhi before marriage?
(A) Joshi ji (B) Gandhi ji
(C) Makan ji (D) None of the above
14. On which date Gandhi ji started his movement in South Africa?
(A) 10th September, 1906 (B) 11th September, 1906
(C) 10th November, 1906 (D) 11th November, 1906
15. Gandhi ji used to compare Gopal Krishna Gokhale to?
(A) The Oceans (B) The Ganges
(C) The Himalayas (D) The Rivers
16. Mahatma Gandhi was 21 years old when he first wrote articles for an English Magazine. What was the name of the magazine?
(A) The Vegetarian (B) The Hindu
(C) Letter to a Hindu (D) A Plea for Vegetarianism
17. What was the title of the Green Pamphlet?
(A) Indian Disenfranchise Bill
(B) Problems of Indians in South Africa
(C) The Grievances of British Indians in South Africa
(D) What Shall we do now
18. Name the Newspaper which inform Gandhi and others at the party that something against is going to happen against the Indians from the Britishers side?
(A) Economics Times (B) The Pioneer
(C) Natal Mercury (D) The Times of Africa
19. Name the famous book written by Leo Tolstoy and very much admired by Gandhi.
(A) What Shall we do now (B) The Bible
(C) Letter to a Hindu (D) The Kingdom of God is within You
20. Who was Gandhi's Spiritual Dictionary?
(A) Kuran (B) The Gita (C) Bible (D) Unto This Last
21. Gandhi ji was very much fascinated by a book, which he translated into Gujarati and entitled as 'Sarvodaya'. Name of that book was:
(A) Unto This Last
(B) Kingdom of God is within you
(C) Hind Swaraj

- (D) An Autobiography or The Story of My Experiments With Truth
22. Which of the following expressions Gandhi ji ultimately found it more accurate?
(A) God is Truth (B) God is Light (C) God is Love (D) Truth is God
23. Who amongst the following fought against apartheid and racism in South Africa?
(A) Nelson Mandela (B) Martin Luther King (Jr.)
(C) Brack Obama (D) General Smuts
24. Gandhi ji was asked to come to South Africa by:
(A) Dada Abdullah (B) Kallenbach
(C) Taiyab Seth (D) Henry Polak
25. Gandhi ji's first major struggle in the country was staged on the soil of a district in Bihar in 1917 in connection with indigo plantation. Who was largely instrumental in persuading Gandhi ji to visit this particular place and lead the struggle over there?
(A) Rajendra Prasad (B) Raj Kumar Shukla
(C) Jawaharlal Nehru (D) Motilal Nehru
26. Why did Gurudev Rabindranath Tagore return his Knighthood in 1919?
(A) In support of Non-cooperation movement
(B) In support of Civil disobedience movement
(C) Protest against Jallianwala Bagh Massacre
(D) None of the above
27. Demand for Pakistan was raised by Mohammed Ali Jinnah in the year:
(A) 1938 (B) 1939 (C) 1940 (D) 1942
28. What is the true meaning of Socialism according to Gandhi ji?
(A) Sarvodaya (B) Basic Education
(C) Economic Equality (D) Prohibition
29. Which of the following contributes the primary point of difference between Socialism of Western Conception and the Gandhian view of Socialism?
(A) Material Progress without violence
(B) Equality irrespective of the material wealth
(C) State ownership of all means of production without violence
(D) First control of the State to be followed by enforcement of equality by law
30. Non-Cooperation Movement (1920) was withdrawn by Gandhi in the year:
(A) 1920 (B) 1921 (C) 1922 (D) 1925
31. Who called the dropping of Civil Disobedience Movement by Gandhi ji as a 'National Calamity'?
(A) Jawaharlal Nehru (B) M. N. Roy

- (C) Subhas Chandra Bose (D) C. R. Das
32. When Gandhi ji was arrested during the Civil Disobedience Movement and tried in court, who expressed the wish that if the Government releases Gandhi ji, he would be the happiest person?
(A) Gen. Smuts (B) Judge Broom Fields
(C) Motilal Nehru (D) S. Radhakrishnan
33. Gandhi presided the Session of Indian National Congress in 1924 at?
(A) Belgaum (B) Calcutta
(C) New Delhi (D) Ahmadabad
34. Constitution Part IV (Article 36-51) contains the Directive Principles of State Policy. In the following options bring out those which include the scope of Gandhian Principles?
(A) Article 40, 43, 44 (B) Articles 40, 47, 48
(C) Article 50 (D) Articles 40, 44, 50
35. Before his assassination, which document had Gandhi signed?
(A) Directive Principles
(B) Panchyat Raj Institutions
(C) Prohibition of Intoxicants
(D) Uniform Civil Code for Citizens
36. In which year 'Rio Earth Summit' related to environment was held?
(A) 1972 (B) 1992 (C) 1973 (D) 1993
37. Ahimsa & Truth in Gandhi ji's opinion:
(A) Do not go together
(B) Have no relation between the two
(C) Can't be inter-linked
(D) Are two sides of a Coin
38. Gandhian concept of Decentralization is based on:
(A) Pyramid (B) Oceanic
(C) Square (D) None of the above
39. In Which year the 'Universal Declaration of Human Rights' was adopted by the General Assembly?
(A) 1945 (B) 1946 (C) 1947 (D) 1948
40. Who was the first recipient of Gandhi Peace Prize?
(A) Mother Teresa (B) Indira Gandhi
(C) Julius Nyerere (D) Rajiv Gandhi
41. "War is the continuation of State Policy by other Means", was said by:
(A) Carl von Clausewitz (B) Nelson Mandela

- (C) Bill Clinton (D) Hitler
42. Who referred Gandhi ji as 'One Man Peace Army' during the partition period?
(A) Lord Mountbatten (B) Lord Wavell
(C) Lord Wellington (D) Ramsay McDonald
43. No Nuclear weapons is the main objective of:
(A) C.N.D. (B) U.N.O. (C) NATO (D) W.H.O.
44. Identify the incorrect match:
(A) Sunderlal Bahuguna - Chipko Movement
(B) Hochi Minh - Gandhi of Vietnam
(C) Daisaku Ikeda - Japanese Gandhi
(D) Martin Luther King(Jr.) - African Gandhi
45. Though at the Round Table Conference in London Gandhi ji could gain nothing, he was the richer for having secured many friends and the goodwill of the people. Who of the following eminent persons refused to meet him?
(A) Winston Churchill (B) Lloyd George
(C) Gilbert Murrye (D) Lady Astor
46. Who was the founder of 'Bhoodan Movement'?
(A) Mahatma Gandhi (B) Jaiprakash Narain
(C) Vinoba Bhave (D) Subhash Chander Bose
47. Who described Gandhi's long march to Dandi by foot in the following words: "Like the historic march of Ramachandra to Lanka, the march of Gandhi will be memorable."?
(A) Motilal Nehru (B) Sarojini Naidu
(C) Vallabhbhai Patel (D) Madan Mohan Malavia
48. Which among the following marks Mahatma Gandhi's first fast unto death?
(A) Kheda Satyagraha (B) Champaran Satyagraha
(C) Ahmedabad Mill Stike (D) Jallianwala Bagh Tragedy
49. Who said, "Gandhi ji possesses amazing inner strength which transforms ordinary people around him into brave martyrs"?
(A) Gopal Krishna Gokhale (B) C. F. Andrews
(C) Jawaharlal Nehru (D) Subhash Chander Bose
50. According to Gandhi, which is the best method of Conflict Resolution?
(A) Deterrence (B) Suppression of Conflict
(C) Diplomacy (D) Mutual dialogue and mediation

x-x-x

History

1. The largest Harappan site in Kutch is:
(A) Dholavira (B) Padri (C) Rangpur (D) Rojdi
2. Pratiloma marriage is the :
(A) Union between the lower varna female and the higher varna male
(B) Union between the lower varna female and the lower varna male
(C) Union between the higher varna female and the lower varna male
(D) Union between the higher varna male and an outcaste female
3. *Arthasastra* mentions *Udakabhaga* as a:
(A) Cess levied on cultivators (B) Cess levied on mines
(C) Cess levied on wasteland (D) Cess levied on forestland
4. Gautam Buddha's sermon called the Turning of the Wheel of Law (*dharmachakraparivartan*) was delivered at:
(A) Gaya (B) Banaras (C) Rajgir (D) Kushinara
5. The Ainnurruvar (five hundred swamis of Aihole) were the most celebrated South Indian:
(A) Weavers (B) Religious priests
(C) Ship builders (D) Merchant guilds
6. Vanijja is a term for:
(A) Agricultural activities (B) Commercial or trading activities
(C) Artisanal activities (D) None of the above
7. The *Jatakas* tell us about *akasiya* and *tundiya*s:
(A) Who were ship builders
(B) Who were weavers
(C) Who were foot soldiers
(D) Who were oppressive tax collectors
8. According to the *dayabhaga* system:
(A) Property could be partitioned only on the birth of a male child
(B) Property could be partitioned during the lifetime of the head of the family
(C) Partition of property could not take place in the lifetime of the head of the family
(D) None of the above
9. The ____ had cave temples at Udayagiri/Khandagiri hills near Bhubaneswar.
(A) Vaishnavas (B) Jainas (C) Charvaks (D) Buddhists

10. The title of *Vatapikonda* (captor of Badami) was adopted by:
(A) Pulakesin II (B) Mahendravarman
(C) Sasanka (D) Narasimhavarman
11. Barani refers to the cultivation of *khashkhas*, that is:
(A) Opium (B) Sesamum (C) Millets (D) Barley
12. Minhaj Siraj was the author of:
(A) Futuhu Salatin (B) Sirat-i Firozshahi
(C) Tabaqat-i Nasiri (D) None of the above
13. The Mughal emperor known for experiments at ship-building specially the invention, the Ship's Camel was:
(A) Jahagir (B) Akbar (C) Shah Jahan (D) Aurangzeb
14. Shaikh Baha-ud-din Zakariyya was the founder of the Sufi Silsila:
(A) Chisti (B) Qadiriya
(C) Suhrawardi (D) None of the above
15. In Tamil Nadu, Paraiyas:
(A) Performed various menial services for the village
(B) Conducted the religious rituals in the temples
(C) Were tax-collectors of the village
(D) None of the above
16. Asyab, is a Persian word meaning:
(A) Wind-mill (B) Flour-mill (C) Sugar-mill (D) Water-mill
17. Karkhanas were:
(A) Workshops which produced expensive craft products for nobles and Kings
(B) Workshops that produced agricultural implements
(C) Workshops that build chariots
(D) None of the above
18. The immigrant Mughal nobility from Iran were the:
(A) Turanis (B) Lodhis (C) Khurasanis (D) Shaikhzadas
19. The theory of *wahdaat al-wujud* was propounded by:
(A) Sufis (B) Mahadawis (C) Raushanyas (D) Ismailis
20. Akbar promulgated the Mahdar in 1579 to.

- (A) To promote art in his court
- (B) Divest the orthodox ulema of religious power and political influence
- (C) To appoint Rajputs as Mansabdars
- (D) To set up charitable institutions

21. Major centres for India's overland trade during the Mughal period was:

- (A) Lahore and Multan
- (B) Multan and Sialkot
- (C) Delhi and Lahore
- (D) Surat and Broach

22. *Bijak* is the most revered collection of :

- (A) Dadu
- (B) Kabir
- (C) Raidas
- (D) Dhanna

23. Two great pillars of the Varkari Sampradaya were:

- (A) Raidas and Namdev
- (B) Dhanna and Dadu
- (C) Eknath and Ravidas
- (D) Jnandev and Namdev

24. The propagation of bhakti in Navadvipa in Bengal was carried out by:

- (A) Tukaram
- (B) Chaitanya
- (C) Parmanand
- (D) Madhavacharya

25. A Vaishnava renunciant is a:

- (A) Nathpanthi
- (B) Udasi
- (C) Bairagi
- (D) None of the above

26. The combined forces of the Sikhs during the eighteenth century was called:

- (A) Dal Khalsa
- (B) Sarkar I Khalsa
- (C) Sarbat Khalsa
- (D) Khalsa Panth

27. A *dhadi* is:

- (A) A musician who sings in praise of the Sikh gurus and recounts the heroic deeds of the Sikhs
- (B) The keeper of the royal residence in the time of Maharaja Ranjit Singh
- (C) Literally, a horse rider
- (D) A person well-versed in the Sikh scriptures

28. Landa is:

- (A) A bill of exchange
- (B) A weaver by caste in the Punjab
- (C) A script used by shopkeepers in the Punjab
- (D) A water-carrier by caste in the Punjab

29. Land revenue alienated in favour of a religious personage or institution in Mughal period was:

- (A) Madrassa
- (B) Zakat

- (C) Mahzar (D) Madad-i-maash

30. Thakurdwara is:

- (A) A temple dedicated to Mansa Devi
(B) A temple dedicated to Shiva
(C) A temple dedicated to Vishnu or one of His incarnations
(D) A temple dedicated to Sakhi Sarwar

31. Guru Arjan founded Kartarpur in the:

- (A) Chaj Doab (B) Bari Doab
(C) Bist-Jalandhar Doab (D) Rachna Doab

32. The Singh Sabha movement in Punjab set up its first centre in 1873 at:

- (A) Lahore (B) Amritsar (C) Hoshiarpur (D) Multan

33. The ship, Komagata Maru was turned back from _____ with Sikh and Punjabi immigrants in 1914.

- (A) Canada (B) Australia (C) England (D) U.S.A.

34. Guru Hargobind constructed the *Akal Takht*, known as:

- (A) The immortal throne (B) The immortal fort
(C) The immortal bunga (D) None of the Above

35. PEPSU is:

- (A) Punjab and East Punjab States Union
(B) Patiala and East Punjab States Union
(C) Patiala and East Princely States Union
(D) None of the above

36. The tutor of Maharaja Ripudaman Singh of Nabha was the Sikh intellectual:

- (A) Gaini Ditt Singh (B) Bhai Sohan Singh
(C) Bhai Gurdit Singh (D) Bhai Kahn Singh

37. The Charter Act of 1813:

- (A) Deprived the East India Company of monopoly of trade with India
(B) Threw open judicial positions to Indians
(C) Adopted principle of open competition for civil servants for India
(D) None of the above

38. The 'Nabooobs' were:

- (A) Englishmen who were residents in the princely states
(B) Indian princes who went to study in England

- (C) Englishmen returning with immense wealth from India
- (D) Englishmen who were proficient in Indian languages

39. The Mirasdars of Maharashtra were:

- (A) A group of dancers
- (B) A category of settled peasants
- (C) Revenue officials
- (D) A group of bazigars

40. A non-Brahmin movement emerged in south India under the leadership of E.V. Ramaswamy Naicker, 'Periyar' called:

- (A) Self-Respect Movement
- (B) Justice Movement
- (C) Dravidian Movement
- (D) Low-Caste Movement

41. The Shimla conference took place in:

- (A) 1945 at Shimla
- (B) 1944 at Delhi
- (C) 1945 at Calcutta
- (D) 1943 at Shimla

42. Maharaja Hari Singh of _____ acceded to India in October 1947.

- (A) Junagarh
- (B) Baroda
- (C) Patiala
- (D) Kashmir

43. The three INA officers on trial were:

- (A) P.K. Sahgal, G.S. Dhillon and Shah Nawaz Khan
- (B) P.K. Sahgal, G.S. Gill and Shah Nawaz Khan
- (C) P.K. Sahgal, G.S. Dhillon and Mohan Singh
- (D) P.K. Desai, G.S. Dhillon and Shah Nawaz Khan

44. Prime Minister _____ declared emergency in India on 26 June 1975.

- (A) Jai Prakash Narayan
- (B) Morarji Desai
- (C) Indira Gandhi
- (D) Rajiv Gandhi

45. The Lucknow-Pact was an important step in achieving:

- (A) Hindu-Sikh unity
- (B) Hindu-Muslim unity
- (C) Muslim-Sikh unity
- (D) Hindu-Christian unity

46. Confidential Intelligence Bureau, went so far as to declare that for a time, _____ 'bade fair to oust Mr. Gandhi as the foremost political figure of the day'.

- (A) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (B) Subhas Chandra Bose
- (C) Bhagat Singh
- (D) Rash Bihari Bose

47. In the election of 1946, the Indian National Congress won majorities in every province except:

- (A) Punjab, Bengal and Sind
- (B) United Provinces, Bengal and Punjab

- (C) Punjab, Bengal and North West Frontier Province
- (D) Sind, Rajasthan and Bengal

48. _____ is a journal which has documented and analysed women's movement under the leadership of Madhu Kishwar in the late 1970s.

- (A) Stri-Dharma
- (B) Manushi
- (C) Punjabi Bhein
- (D) None of the above

49. In Social Sciences _____ is used as a hypothesis.

- (A) Assessment
- (B) Objectivity
- (C) Generalization
- (D) Theory

50. _____ are a literary primary source.

- (A) Coins
- (B) Building
- (C) Monuments
- (D) Manuscripts

x-x-x

Philosophy

1. According to the stages of Bodhisattva, which of the following refers to the stage whereby he knows the subject-object duality and the categories of intellect to be unreal
(A) Pramudita (B) Archishmati (C) Vimala (D) Prabhakari
2. According to Jaina philosophy which of the following represents the view when the real is identified with the momentary
(A) Samgraha Naya (B) Vyavhara Naya
(C) Rjusutra Naya (D) Sambhirudha Naya
3. Which of the following is the correct ascending series in Pratityasamutpada
(A) Samskara, Nama-rupa, Sadayatana (B) Sparsha, Vedana, Trishna
(C) Vijnana, Samskara, Nama-rupa (D) Jati, Bhava, Marana
4. Vignahavyavartini is the work of
(A) Asanga (B) Chandrakirti (C) Dinnanga (D) Nagarjuna
5. Which of the following is not a form of Ahamkara, the evolute of Prakriti, according to Samkhya
(A) Vaikarika (B) Bhutadi (C) Taijasa (D) Parinam
6. Which of the following according to Vaisheshika does not have the features of 'Eka(one), Nitya(eternal) and Vibhu(all pervading)'
(A) Kala(Time) (B) Akasha(Ether)
(C) Dik(Space) (D) Atman(Self)
7. "Gentlemen prefer blondes" is an example of
(A) Non-transitive Relation (B) Transitive Relation
(C) Non-symmetrical (D) A-symmetrical
8. "This medicine cured my daughter's cough; therefore this medicine will cure mine", involves
(A) First order Enthymeme (B) Second order Enthymeme
(C) Third order Enthymeme (D) None of the above
9. If in a square of opposition "Some republics are not ungrateful" is false, which of the following is correct
(A) E, true; A, false (B) I, true; A undetermined
(C) I, false; E, false (D) A, true; E false

10. In the context of syllogistic argument with “All gentlemen are polite; No gamblers are polite; therefore...”, which of the following is a valid answer
(A) Some gentlemen are gamblers (B) Some gentlemen are not polite
(C) All gamblers are gentlemen (D) No gamblers are gentlemen
11. Who among the following upheld the ‘Boundless is indefinite and indeterminate and qualitatively undifferentiated matter’
(A) Anaximenes (B) Anaximander (C) Pythagoras (D) Heraclitus
12. “All things are exchanged for fire” is upheld by
(A) Anaximenes (B) Anaximander
(C) Heraclitus (D) Democritus
13. Who among the following assumes Love and Strife in addition to earth, air, water, fire for union and division in universe
(A) Parmenides (B) Anaxagoras (C) Empedocles (D) Zeno
14. “Knowledge is Virtue” is the claim of
(A) Socrates (B) Plato
(C) Aristotle (D) None of the above
15. The concept of Demiurge was proposed by
(A) Socrates (B) Plato (C) Aristotle (D) Sophists
16. Who among the following upholds form and matter is similar to potentiality and actuality.
(A) Socrates (B) Plato
(C) Aristotle (D) None of the above
17. Who among the following refutes innate ideas
(A) Locke (B) Berkeley (C) Hume (D) Descartes
18. The Phenomenon of Association of Idea with regard to the origin of Knowledge is suggested by
(A) Descartes (B) Locke (C) Berkeley (D) Hume
19. Force is the fountain of the mechanical world is the view of
(A) Descartes (B) Leibnitz (C) Spinoza (D) Locke
20. According to Kant, rules of understanding is known as
(A) Transcendental Aesthetics (B) Transcendental Analytic
(C) Transcendental Schema (D) None of the above

21. According to Kant “Heat is a form of motion” would be an example of
(A) The Problematic Judgment (B) The Categorical Judgment
(C) The Affirmative Judgment (D) The Assertory Judgment
22. According to Yoga which of the following does not belong to Niyama
(A) Tapas (B) Svadhyaya
(C) Aparigraha (D) Ishvarapranidhana
23. Which of the following is not a Rna
(A) Deva Rna (B) Pitr Rna (C) Rishi Rna (D) Bhuta Rna
24. Kumarila’s theory of error is known as
(A) Akhyati (B) Viparitakhyati
(C) Anyatha khyati (D) Satkhyati
25. Validity and invalidity are not intrinsically connected with knowledge is the view of
(A) Purva Mimamasa (B) Uttara Mimamasa
(C) Nyaya (D) Buddhism
26. Knowledge is intrinsically invalid and becomes valid through extraneous conditions is approved by
(A) Purva-Mimamsa (B) Uttara-Mimamsa
(C) Nyaya (D) Buddhism
27. Which of the following is not a form of Alaukika Pratyaksha according to Naiyayikas
(A) Avadhi (B) Yogaja
(C) Jnanalakshana (D) Samanyalakshana
28. Reality is Ajativada(No-Origination) is the view of
(A) Shamkara (B) Dinnaga (C) Dharmkirti (D) Gaudapada
29. Shariraka Bhashya is written by
(A) Shabara (B) Shamkara (C) Ramanuja (D) Gaudapada
30. Sky-lotus is fragrant commits which of the hetvbhasa
(A) Svarupasiddha (B) Badhita
(C) Vyaptvyasiddha (D) Ashrayasiddha
31. A sentence in order to be understandable may not have
(A) Akanksha (B) Tatparya (C) Yatharthata (D) Sannidhi

32. The relationship between word and its meaning, according to Mimamsakas is
(A) Because of God's will (B) Conventional
(C) Eternal (D) All of the above
33. According to Samkhya which of the following is also known as the 'Linga'(sign) as it serves the basis to infer the existence of other evolutes of Prakriti
(A) Mahat (B) Buddhi (C) Ahankar (D) Citta
34. Knowledge leads to successful and fruitful activity is the view of
(A) Shamkara (B) Ramanuja (C) Kumarila (D) Prabhakar
35. Anvitabhidhanvada is the view of
(A) Kumarila (B) Prabhakara
(C) Udayanacharya (D) Aryadeva
36. 'Sound is eternal because it is produced' is an example of the following Hetvabhasa
(A) Badhita (B) Viruddha
(C) Satpratipaksha (D) Savyabhichara
37. Heidegger calls human being such that in each case it is its own possibilities
(A) Wesen (B) Zusein
(C) Dasien (D) All the above
38. Husserl acknowledges that the idea of Intentionality was borrowed from
(A) Sartre (B) Heidegger (C) Brentano (D) Spielberg
39. Man is condemned to be free is the view of
(A) Kirkegaard (B) Merleau Ponty (C) Heidegger (D) Sartre
40. Vivaratavada is propounded by
(A) Mimamsa (B) Nyaya (C) Samkhya (D) Vedanta
41. Which of the following according to Vaisheshika gives the notion of youth in the young.
(A) Dravya(substance) (B) Guna(quality)
(C) Dik(direction) (D) Kala(time)
42. Which of the following represents fitness and compatibility in a sentential meaning
(A) Akanksha (B) Yogyata (C) Sannidhi (D) Tatparya
43. Depending upon the philosophical affinities who among the following was in the Periphery of Vienna Circle
(A) Philipp Frank (B) Hans Hahn

- (C) Otto Neurath (D) Ludwig Wittgenstein
44. Who among the following differentiates between the 'ordinary proper names' and 'logical proper names'
(A) Kripke (B) Russell
(C) Ayer (D) All of the above
45. 'Sense and Reference' is the work of
(A) Russell (B) G. E Moore (C) Frege (D) Kripke
46. The picture theory of language is considered to be
(A) Correspondence theory of Truth (B) Coherence theory of Truth
(C) Pragmatic theory of Truth (D) None of the above
47. Quantitative hedonism is suggested by
(A) Mill (B) Bentham (C) Sidgwick (D) Kant
48. Principia Ethica is the work of
(A) Russell (B) G.E Moore (C) A. J Ayer (D) Schillick
49. In the mood 'FELAPTON' the conclusion is
(A) A universal negative proposition
(B) A particular affirmative proposition
(C) A Universal affirmative proposition
(D) A particular negative proposition
50. Who among the following accepts 'Interactionism' among mind and body
(A) Descartes (B) Spinoza (C) Leibnitz (D) Locke

X-X-X

Political Science

1. The author of the book "State against Democracy" is
 - (A) Rosa Luxemburg
 - (B) Lech Walesa
 - (C) William Godwin
 - (D) Rajni Kothari

2. The State in capitalist Society is written by
 - (A) Theda Skocpol
 - (B) A.G. Frank
 - (C) Ralph Miliband
 - (D) Nicos Poulatzas

3. Which one of the following is not correct about New Social Movements?
 - (A) They believe in the idea of revolution
 - (B) They are more concerned with quality of life
 - (C) They use 'protest politics' as instruments
 - (D) They constitute a new form of political activism

4. The Election Commission of India has
 - (A) Quasi- Judicial Power
 - (B) Constitutional Power
 - (C) Advisory Power
 - (D) Regulatory Power

5. Roy-Lenin controversy was on which issue:
 - (A) Reinterpretation of Marxism
 - (B) Proletarian Revolution in Europe
 - (C) National and Colonial issue
 - (D) All of these.

6. The distinction between traditional and modern societies were derived from
 - (A) Talcott parson
 - (B) Adam Smith
 - (C) John Locke
 - (D) Karl Marx

7. Who among the following, mooted the idea that India was a 'soft state' and ill-equipped to carry out its promises?
(A) Gunnar Myrdal (B) Andre Gundar Frank
(C) Edward Said (D) Samir Amin
8. Hegel viewed civil society as an embodiment of
(A) Particularity (B) Unity (C) Universality (D) Community
9. Who has proposed the 'End of History' thesis?
(A) Paul A. Baran (B) Kenneth Waltz
(C) Francis Fukuyama (D) Hans J. Morgenthau
10. The Dependency Theory drew its inspiration from the experience of
(A) Asia (B) Latin America (C) Europe (D) Africa
11. Which of the following thinkers is associated with utilitarianism?
(A) Rawls (B) John Stuart Mill (C) Hobbes (D) Hegel
12. Robert Putnam's seminal work on Social capital is associated with which country?
(A) Germany (B) Netherlands (C) Italy (D) England
13. The scheme called MGNREGA is meant to promote employment among:
(A) Rural areas (B) Urban areas
(C) Union territories (D) Northeastern states
14. Which of the following Indian activist is associated with the concept of Eco-Feminism:
(A) Medha Patkar (B) Sundarlal Bahuguna
(C) Rajendra Singh (D) Vandana Shiva
15. The institution of Lokayukta was created for the first time by the state of

- (A) Punjab (B) Bihar (C) Orissa (D) Maharashtra

16. Which one of the following is not a good form of government for Aristotle?

- (A) Monarchy (B) Polity (C) Aristocracy (D) Democracy

17. In Panchayati Raj Institutions, women have been given 1/3 of the seats reservation vide amendment in the Indian constitution:

- (A) 74th constitutional amendment (B) 73rd constitutional amendment
(C) 64th amendment (D) 42nd amendment

18. The term 'social capital' means

- (A) Capitalism in socialist states. (B) Element of trust in societies.
(C) Social view of capital (D) Social collectives

19. Christianity looked at 'time' as

- (A) Cyclical (B) Linear (C) Repetitive (D) Static

20. Local Self governments are included in which lists

- (A) State list
(B) Union list
(C) Concurrent List
(D) Both state and Union list with centre having the final say

21. The First Amendment of the Constitution of India, enacted in 1951, made several changes to

- (A) Fundamental duties provisions of the constitution
(B) Creation of new states
(C) Fundamental rights provisions of the constitution

- (D) National emergency provisions
22. Who among the following regarded Buddhism as a moral and tolerant alternative to Marxism
- (A) Ram Mohan Roy (B) Vivekananda
(C) B.R. Ambedkar (D) M.N. Roy
23. In which state of India, seat is reserved in the legislative Assembly on religious basis
- (A) Goa (B) Mizoram
(C) Sikkim (D) Jammu and Kashmir
24. Which of the following statements misrepresents neo-liberalism?
- (A) Neo-liberalism has been articulated through privatization
(B) Neo-liberalism has been articulated through fiscal austerity
(C) Neo-liberalism has not percolated through to the local scale
(D) Neo-Liberalism has been articulated through export-oriented production
25. Which of the following statements misrepresents Immanuel Wallerstein's World Systems Theory?
- (A) World-systems and not nation-state are the basic unit of social analysis
(B) Existing disciplinary boundaries in social sciences do not make sense
(C) World-systems analysis is a sub-division of social sciences
(D) Capitalism's existence as a system for 500 years does prove it will last forever
26. Who has coined the term 'Congress System' to explain the party system in the first years of Indian independence?
- (A) Atul Kohli (B) Myron Weiner
(C) Paul Brass (D) Rajani Kothari
27. The author of the book 'In Pursuit of Lakshmi: Political Economy of Indian State' is
- (A) Rudolph and Rudolph (B) Francine Frankel
(C) Pranab Bardhan (D) Rob Jenkins

- 28.** Articles 17 and 18 of Indian Constitution provide
- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| (A) Economic equality | (B) Social equality |
| (C) Political equality | (D) Religious equality |
- 29.** The Constitution of India defines India as
- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (A) Quasi-federal state | (B) Union of States |
| (C) Unitary State | (D) Federation of states |
- 30.** The amendment to the Indian Constitution which gave precedence to Directive principles over fundamental rights is
- | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| (A) 35 th | (B) 42 nd | (C) 50 th | (D) 51 st |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
- 31.** The first non-Congress Prime Minister of India was
- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| (A) Gulzarilal Nanda | (B) Morarji Desai |
| (C) Charan Singh | (D) VP Singh |
- 32.** What is the mane of Lucian Pye's work on political culture?
- | | |
|-------------------------|---|
| (A) Civic culture | (B) Politics, Personality and Nation Building |
| (C) Democracy and Trust | (D) None of the above |
- 33.** The DSSSS was a precursor of
- | | | | |
|---------|--------|--------|---------|
| (A) BSP | (B) SP | (C) JD | (D) RJD |
|---------|--------|--------|---------|
- 34.** The following book was authored by David Easton?
- | | |
|--|--|
| (A) A systems Analysis of Political Life | (B) The Politics of the Developing Areas |
| (C) Modern Political Analysis | (D) The Nerves of Government |
- 35.** Left Front government has ruled

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| (A) Tripura | (B) Nagaland |
| (C) Arunachal Pradesh | (D) Mizoram |

36. Criterion for a regional party to be recognized as a national party is

- (A) To be recognized in at least 3 states
- (B) To be recognized in at least 4 states
- (C) To get 1/10th of the seats in Lok Sabha
- (D) To get 1/10th of the seats in the Parliament

37. Raja Ram Mohan Roy was the founder of

- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| (A) Brahmo Samaj | (B) Arya Samaj |
| (C) Sant Samaj | (D) Vishwa Bharati |

38. The statement "Swaraj is my birth right and I shall have it" is associated with

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| (A) Bal Gangadhar Tilak | (B) Swami Vivekanand |
| (C) Moti Lal Nehru | (D) Gopal Krishan Gokhale |

39. The concept of Total Revolution was given by

- | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| (A) Jayaprakash Narayan | (B) Ram Manohar Lohia |
| (C) M.N.Roy | (D) Kanu Sanyal |

40. The slogan of 'Jai Jawan Jai Kisan' was given by

- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| (A) Lal Bahadur Shastri | (B) Narendra Modi |
| (C) Charan Singh | (D) Indira Gandhi |

41. Some consider the name 'United Nations' a misnomer because

- (A) Nations are never united
- (B) It has different categories of nations
- (C) Its members are states rather than nations

- (D) Its membership is voluntary
42. Which of the following was not a member of Axis Powers during the Second World War?
- (A) Germany (B) Japan (C) Italy (D) USSR
43. Which of the following states was not a member of the League of Nations?
- (A) India (B) China (C) USSR (D) USA
44. SEATO was formed in
- (A) 1949 (B) 1954 (C) 1962 (D) 1973
45. The CMEA was an economic organization of
- (A) Socialist states (B) Newly independent states
(C) East Asian states (D) Mediterranean states
46. Which of the following countries is no longer communist?
- (A) China (B) Cuba (C) Vietnam (D) Poland
47. Which of the following books is not written by Plato?
- (A) Republic (B) Laws (C) Statesman (D) Politics
48. Who is the author of 'Political Economy of Development in India'?
- (A) Sudipta Kaviraj (B) Amartya Sen
(C) Hamza Alavi (D) Pranab Bardhan
49. The concept of 'print capitalism' was given by
- (A) Craig Calhoun (B) Carlton Hayes
(C) Anthony Smith (D) Benedict Anderson

50. The term new politics means

- | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|
| (A) New style of activism, | (B) New parties |
| (C) New regimes | (D) New leaders |

x-x-x

Police Administration

1. Police Act of 1861 makes provision for involving “residents of neighbourhood” as Special Police officer under which of the following section:
A) Section 13 B) Section 14 C) Section 17 D) Section 19
2. Which of the following report of National Police Commission popularly called “Dharam Vira Commission” recommended parity for IPS with IAS:
A) Fourth Report B) Fifth Report C) Sixth Report D) Eight Report
3. The constables working in the Police in England were popularly called:
A) Peelers B) Bobbies C) Both A & B D) None of the above
4. The first women police station in the world was set up in:
A) USA B) England C) Canada D) India
5. Who among the following was the Founding Director of Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI)?
A) Joginder Singh B) D.P. Kohli C) R.K. Raghavan D) D.R. Karthikeyan
6. Which of the following agency deals with the work of foreign intelligence gathering?
A) National Investigation Agency (NIA)
B) Central Intelligence Agency (CIA)
C) Research and Analysis Wing (RAW)
D) Central Investigation and Intelligence Agency (CIIA)
7. Which of the following Central Armed Police Force (CAPF) came into existence before independence as the Crown Representative’s Police?
A) ITBP B) CRPF C) BSF D) CISF
8. Which of the following is the oldest Central Para Military Force in India?
A) Central Reserve Police Force (CRPF) B) Indo Tibetan Border Police (ITBP)
C) Assam Rifles (AR) D) Sashastra Seema Bal (SSB)
9. Which of the following scholar said this, “leader not only influences his group but is also influenced by it”:
A) Katz and Kahn B) M.P. Follett C) Chester Barnard D) Ordway Tead
10. “The State is everywhere: it leaves hardly a gap.” This statement explains the concept of:
A) Police State B) Welfare State C) Democratic State D) Federal State
11. The essence of promotion is:
A) Change of title B) Change of pay

C) Change of assignment

D) Change of duties and responsibilities

12. District Judges are appointed by:

A) The Chief Justice of High Court

B) The State Public Service Commission

C) The Chief Minister of State

D) The Governor of State

13. The Central Vigilance Commission was set up by:

A) Constitutional provision

B) Act of the Parliament

C) Resolution of the Santhanam Committee

D) Executive resolution

14. The Governor of a State may be removed from the office by the President:

A) At the request of the Chief Minister

B) On the advice of the Lok Ayukta

C) On the advice of the Union Cabinet

D) On the advice of the Attorney-General of India

15. Phenomenological research is a:

A) Qualitative Research

B) Quantitative Research

C) Descriptive

D) Analytical

16. Why are the references included in a research project?

A) To keep a record of everything that you have read in writing the report

B) It is courtesy to the authors of the works that you have read

C) To impress others

D) To fully identify the source of information and ideas discussed in the report so that others may check for themselves

17. Who among the following gave this statement “probation is probably the first stage of correctional scheme, the parole being the last stage of it.”:

A) Donald Jaft

B) Sir Robert Cross

C) J.L. Gillin

D) Homer S. Cunnings

18. Which of the following state has highest number of Central Jails in India?

A) Maharashtra

B) Punjab

C) Tamil Nadu

D) Madhya Pradesh

19. Who gave “Containment Theory”?

A) Hans Eysenck

B) Jane Addams

C) Walter Reckless

D) Enrico Ferri

20. As per the Private Security Agencies (Regulation) Act (PSARA), 2005, who is controlling authority:

A) Home Minister of the State

- B) Home Secretary of the State
- C) Director General of Police (DGP)
- D) The State Government designate an officer not below the rank of a Joint Secretary in the Home Department of the State or an equivalent officer

21. As per provisions under the PSARA 2005, a licence granted shall be valid for:

- A) One year
- B) Three years
- C) Five years
- D) Ten years

22. Which of the following section of the PSARA 2005 lays down eligibility conditions to be a private security guard?

- A) Section 5
- B) Section 8
- C) Section 10
- D) Section 15

23. Cesare Beccaria, a famous criminologist was:

- A) German Criminologist
- B) Italian Criminologist
- C) English Criminologist
- D) Irish Criminologist

24. Labelling Theory of crime was propounded by:

- A) Cesare Lombroso
- B) Sutherland
- C) Tannenbaum
- D) Enrico Ferri

25. Cyber Crime is a unlawful act wherein the computer is:

- A) A tool
- B) A target
- C) Both A & B
- D) None of these

26. Which School of Criminology among the following laid greater emphasis on mental phenomenon of the individual and attributed crime to “free will” of the individual?

- A) Pre-classical school
- B) The classical school
- C) Positive school
- D) Clinical school

27. The essential ingredients of a crime are

- A) Motive, mens rea, and actus reus
- B) Motive, intention and knowledge
- C) Actus reus and mens rea
- D) Knowledge, intention and action

28. Right of Private defence is not available:

- A) To the aggressor
- B) To the person who is attacked
- C) To the aggressor against an act done in private defence by the person attacked
- D) Only (A) & (C) are correct

29. “B” happened to be a member of unlawful assembly. A factional fight ensued during which “B” was injured and retired to the side, later on a man was killed. Now:

- A) “B” is guilty of murder being member of unlawful assembly
- B) “B” is not guilty of murder as he ceased to be a member of unlawful assembly at the time when the murder was committed
- C) “B” is not guilty of murder though he happened to be a member of unlawful assembly

D) None of these

30. Under What provisions bail may be taken in case of non-bailable offence?

- A) Section 436 of CrPC
- B) Section 436A of CrPC
- C) Section 437 of CrPC
- D) Section 437A of CrPC

31. The term 'character' as explained in section 55 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, means

- A) Good and bad character
- B) Reputation and disposition of general nature
- C) Reputation formed on the basis of particular disposition
- D) Character in a criminal act

32. Under the Arms Act, 1959, a licence is required for

- A) Acquisition and possession
- B) Sale
- C) Shortening of guns
- D) All of these

33. The term 'essential service' means

- A) Any railway service
- B) Any service relating to banking
- C) Any service of any industrial undertaking
- D) All the above

34. The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 was enforced in

- A) 1988
- B) 1989
- C) 1990
- D) None of these

35. Who can lodge an FIR?

- A) Any person
- B) Only Citizen
- C) Only Victim
- D) Only Accused

36. Which one of the following is NOT an essential element of a dying declaration within the meaning of Clause (1) of Section 32 of Indian Evidence Act?

- A) The maker of the statement is dead
- B) The statement relates to the cause of his death
- C) The statement points out the circumstances under which death was caused
- D) He had expectation of death at the time of making the statement

37. A police officer arresting a person may carry out the personal search of the person arrested, as provided

- A) Section 50 of CrPC
- B) Section 51 of CrPC
- C) Section 54 of CrPC
- D) Section 56 of CrPC

38. A diary in which police officer making an investigation shall day by day enter his proceedings is known as

- A) Case diary
- B) Daily diary
- C) Charge sheet
- D) FIR register

39. In which year CISF came into existence

- A) 1966 B) 1969 C) 1967 D) 1979

40. What is the full form of TIP in context to the criminal law?

- A) Terminal Interface Processor B) Test Identification Parade
C) To Insure Prompt service D) None of the above

41. 'Common Object' under Section 149 of the IPC does not require

- A) Prior concert only B) Common meeting only
C) Both Prior concert and common meeting D) None of the above

42. Physical and chemical changes that take place after death include all of the following, except:

- A) Rigor mortis B) Algor Mortis C) Biogor Mortis D) Livor Mortis

43. Dying declaration is to be preferably recorded by

- A) Doctor B) Police C) Magistrate D) Jury Member

44. The term 'Expert evidence' is defined in section

- A) 45, Indian Evidence Act B) 131, Indian Evidence Act
C) 45, Criminal Procedure code D) 131, Criminal Procedure code

45. Choose the correct sequence of steps to be followed while investigating a crime scene

- A) Protection of crime scene, interview of witness, photography of crime scene, collection and dispatch of physical evidence.
B) Protection of crime scene, photography of crime scene, collection and dispatch of physical evidence, interview of witness.
C) Collection and dispatch of physical evidence, protection of crime scene, Interview of witness, photography of crime scene.
D) Photography of crime scene, protection of crime scene, interview of witness, collection and dispatch of physical evidence.

46. Which of the following is a sign of forgery

- A) Retouching B) Pen lifts C) Connecting strokes D) All of these

47. Which category of software is designed to cause damage to your computer?

- A) Bugs B) Malware C) Systems software D) Network snakes

48. The last organs to putrefy are:

- A) Uterus/Prostrate B) Testes C) Lungs D) Intestines

49. Which of the following is not one the principles/Laws of Forensic Science?

- A) Law of Probability B) Principle of Analysis
C) Principle of acquired characters D) Law of Progressive Change

50. A certain repetitive pattern of a criminal's way of committing crime is called as:

- A) Signature B) Modus operandi C) Probability D) Corpus delicti

Psychology

1. The Statistical test which tells us about the relationship between three or more variables and measures them concurrently, is known as:

(A) Analysis of Variance	(B) Nonparametric test
(C) Index of Concordance	(D) Multiple regression coefficient

2. If there are just a few subjects for psychological experimentation, then the best possible research design shall be:

(A) Group Design	(B) Repeated measures design
(C) Factorial design	(D) Factor analysis

3. Which of the following factors differentiates between Experimental research and Ex post facto research?

(A) Control of Variables
(B) Number of variables
(C) Nature of sample
(D) Use of Statistical analysis techniques

4. Which of the following techniques controls sequence relevant variables?

(A) Balancing	(B) Stability of Conditions
(C) Counterbalancing	(D) Elimination

5. Which of the following types of Validity is known by the name of Theoretical Validity?

(A) Predictive validity	(B) Construct validity
(C) Face validity	(D) Content validity

6. Case studies is a type of:
- (A) Survey Studies (B) Inter-relationship studies
(C) Developmental studies (D) Causal comparative studies.
7. When item total correlation becomes zero, then the ICC slope:
- (A) Is positive (B) Is negative
(C) Is zero (D) None of the above.
8. Who gave the concept of Construct validity?
- (A) Spearman (B) Cronbach
(C) Anastasi (D) American Psychological association
9. Which out of the following provide evidence for Construct Validity?
- (A) Convergent Validation (B) Discriminant Validation
(C) Factorial validity (D) Both 'a' and 'b'
10. Percentile Score is of achieved scores?
- (A) Nonlinear transformation
(B) Linear transformation
(C) Both linear and nonlinear transformation
(D) None of the above.
11. How many parts does the Form T 17 of the Strong Interest Inventory have?
- (A) 10 (B) 5 (C) 8 (D) 7
12. The main obstacle in the validity of Personality measurement is:
- (A) Undecided response category (B) Response styles

- (C) Apparent purpose of testing (D) Person-situation interaction
13. Which of the following are not correctly matched?
- (A) Osgood: Semantic Differential (B) Likert: Rating Scale
(C) Bogardus: Social Distance (D) Guttman: Equal appearing Interval
14. Absolute zero is not a characteristic of which of the following scales:
- (A) Ratio Scale (B) Ordinal Scale (C) Interval Scale (D) Nominal scale
15. Which of the following is not considered to be apart of the Brain Stem?
- (A) Medulla (B) Pons (C) Hypothalamus (D) Cerebellum
16. What is the duration of the Absolute Refractory period?
- (A) 30 to 40 milliseconds (B) 20 to 30 milliseconds
(C) 10 to 20 milliseconds (D) 1 to 10 milliseconds
17. CNS has only:
- (A) Sensory neurons (B) Motor neurons
(C) Association neurons (D) None of the above
18. Superior Colliculii is:
- (A) Olfactory center (B) Visual Center
(C) Auditory Center (D) Touch Center
19. Dopamine, Serotonin and GABA neurotransmitters influence the brain as?
- (A) Inhibitory

- (B) Facilitatory
 - (C) Partially inhibitory and partially facilitatory
 - (D) None of the above.
- 20.** Which of the following separates the Cerebral Hemispheres?
- (A) Amygdala
 - (B) Hippocampus
 - (C) Corpus Callosum
 - (D) Pons
- 21.** If a person has a metal plate on the head, then which of the following techniques cannot be used to study the head?
- (A) PET
 - (B) MRI
 - (C) CAT
 - (D) ESB
- 22.** The vision area of each eye is as follows?
- (A) 95 degrees
 - (B) 105 degrees
 - (C) 130 degrees
 - (D) 145 degrees
- 23.** At which age does the infant start smiling in the presence of a primary caretaker?
- (A) One to two weeks
 - (B) Four to six weeks
 - (C) Eight to ten weeks
 - (D) Twelve to fourteen weeks
- 24.** Goddard worked in the area of:
- (A) Genes and Chromosomes
 - (B) Human Inheritance
 - (C) Inheritance of hybrid peas
 - (D) Long neck of Giraffe
- 25.** The low level of insulin secretion can lead to:
- (A) High Blood Pressure
 - (B) Low Blood Pressure
 - (C) Diabetes
 - (D) Typhoid
- 26.** Which of the following creates Monocular depth cue?

- (A) Relative size (B) Linear perspective
(C) Interposition (D) All of the above
27. In maximum perceptual constancy, which of the following Brunswick ratio shall be found?
(A) 0.25 (B) 0.75 (C) 0.50 (D) 1.00
28. A homogenous visual field is known as:
(A) Ganzheit (B) Ganzstruktur (C) Ganzlich (D) Ganzfeld
29. Which of the following describes the time space interaction:
(1) Tau effect (2) Kappa effect (3) Gamma effect (4) Codes
(A) Only 1 is true (B) Only 1 and 3 are true
(C) Only 1 and 2 are true (D) Only 3 is true
30. The lower threshold connected responsiveness is known as:
(A) Perceptual defense (B) Perceptual vigilance
(C) Subliminal Perception (D) Supraliminal perception.
31. According to Premack Principle, which of the following can act as a reinforce?
(A) Something which is different from past norms
(B) Something which rewards the behavior rather than punish it.
(C) Something associated with unconditional stimulus
(D) Something that the organism considers important
32. The inner representation of a situation is known as:
(A) Operant (B) Fixed action pattern
(C) Reinforcement contingency (D) Cognitive Map

33. What is Skinnerian Conditioning known as:
(A) Type S (B) Type R (C) Type B (D) Type A
34. When UCS precedes CS, what is the Conditioning known as?
(A) Delayed (B) Trace (C) Backward (D) Simultaneous
35. Who suggested that Learning principles can be used to study Psychology?
(A) Doob (B) Freud
(C) Binet (D) None of the above
36. Ebbinghaus ran memory tests on:
(A) A number of subjects (B) Few number of subjects
(C) On himself (D) None of the above
37. “The War of The Ghosts” was used by the following in his research:
(A) Freud (B) Ebbinghaus (C) Bartlett (D) Allport
38. Which is the other name for Indefinite Recognition?
(A) Aha Experience (B) Queer Experience
(C) Deja experience (D) Original experience
39. Who said that we think with our whole body?
(A) Osgood (B) Watson (C) Wertheimer (D) Kohler
40. Which of the following cannot be included in the “Process” of Guilford’s model of Intellect?

- (A) Convergent thinking (B) Cognition
(C) Divergent thinking (D) Transformation
41. The subtest of WAIS which has been included as a primary test of mental disintegration?
(A) General comprehension test (B) Vocabulary test
(C) Reasoning (D) Memory span
42. Who held that Love hunger is a deficiency disease?
(A) Carl Rogers (B) Abraham Maslow
(C) Gordon Allport (D) George Kelley
43. Who proposed imprinting behavior in ducks?
(A) Hess (B) Lorenz (C) Harlow (D) Haron
44. According to Lewin, the line between environment and Psychological environment is:
(A) Permeable (B) Impermeable (C) Abstract (D) Concrete
45. When two or more than two areas of life interact with each other, it is known as:
(A) Event (B) Psychological fact
(C) Communication (D) Locomotion
46. Which of the following is a Jungian Concept?
(A) Unconscious (B) Collective Unconscious
(C) Subconscious (D) Striving for Superiority
47. Introversion-extroversion dimension of Personality is specifically connected with?

- | | |
|-------------|-------------------|
| (A) Sheldon | (B) Eysenck |
| (C) Cattell | (D) William James |

48. Gestural communication is connected to?

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| (A) Para Language | (B) Proxemics |
| (C) Kinesics | (D) None of the above. |

49. The process through which a child learns to communicate with other children is known as:

- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| (A) Interpersonal skills | (B) Socialization |
| (C) Internalization | (D) Institutionalisation |

50. Beck's Cognitive therapy is successfully used on:

- | | |
|----------------|------------------------|
| (A) Depression | (B) Schizophrenia |
| (C) Paranoia | (D) None of the above. |

x-x-x

Public Administration

1. Which of the following are the reasons for the growth of Administrative Law?
 - (A) Change in the concept of government from Laissez faire to welfare state.
 - (B) Demand of the people that government must solve their problems.
 - (C) Inadequacy of the judicial system.
 - (D) All of the above.
2. Droit Administratif according to Dicey is that portion of the French Law:
 - (A) That determines the position and liabilities of state officials.
 - (B) That determines the civil rights and liabilities of private individuals in their dealings with officials as representatives of the State.
 - (C) That determines the procedure by which these rights and liabilities are enforced.
 - (D) All of the above.
3. Which of the following are the factors responsible for the growth of Delegated Legislation?
 - i) Pressure upon Parliamentary time
 - ii) Technicality of matters
 - iii) Need for flexibility
 - iv) Complexity of modern administrationSelect the codes given below:
 - (A) i, ii
 - (B) ii, iii
 - (C) iii, iv
 - (D) i, ii, iii, iv
4. Which of the following are the ways that special interest groups influence public policy except:
 - (A) By giving the Presidential address in the Parliament.
 - (B) Lobby government officials.
 - (C) Help identify issues.
 - (D) Make political contributions.
5. Which of the following is not a way that the media influences public policy?
 - (A) Participating in politics
 - (B) Holding government officials accountable
 - (C) Focussing attention on issues
 - (D) Providing a forum for opposing view points
6. During which part of the public policy cycle does the government explore potential policy responses?
 - (A) Agenda setting
 - (B) Policy Formulation
 - (C) Policy Implementation
 - (D) Decision Making
7. A statement about a population developed for the purpose of testing is called:
 - (A) Hypothesis
 - (B) Hypothesis Testing
 - (C) Level of Significance
 - (D) Test-Statistic
8. A quantitative statement about a population is called:
 - (A) Research Hypothesis
 - (B) Alternative Hypothesis

- (C) Statistical Hypothesis (D) Simple Hypothesis

9. Sampling based upon equal probability is called:

- (A) Probability Sampling (B) Systematic Sampling
(C) Simple Random Sampling (D) Stratified Random Sampling

10. Random Sampling is also called:

- (A) Probability Sampling (B) Non-Probability Sampling
(C) Sampling Error (D) Random Error

11. Which of the following is/are a part of the participatory development process?

- i) State ii) NGOs iii) Pressure Groups iv) Cooperatives

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- (A) i, ii and iii (B) i, iii and iv (C) ii, iii and iv (D) i, ii, iii and iv

12. In a democracy, civil services plays an important role in

- (A) Policy Making (B) Policy Implementation
(C) Socio-economic Development (D) All of the Above

13. Apart from Law making, Indian Parliament also performs the function of:

- i) Providing representation
ii) Constraining executive power
iii) Providing legitimacy to government

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- (A) i and ii (B) i and iii (C) ii and iii (D) i, ii and iii

14. "It all depends on the variables of a situation" best describes the

- (A) Classical Approach (B) Human Relations Approach
(C) Systems Approach (D) Contingency Approach

15. The main schools of management thought are:

- (A) Classical, Human Resources, Systems, Contingency
(B) Classical, Human Resources, Systems, Contingency
(C) Classical, Human Relations, Systems, Contingency
(D) Creative, Human Relations, Systems, Contingency

16. The book "The Intellectual Crisis in American Public Administration" deals with

- (A) New Public Administration
(B) Ecological Approach
(C) Developmental Approach
(D) Public Choice Approach

17. The Royal Commission on Decentralisation was headed by:

- (A) Lord Dalhousie (B) Lord HobHouse
(C) Lord Rippon (D) Lord Mayo

18. Which of the following are correct?

- i) Theory of Social and Economic Organisation: Max Weber

- ii) Models of Man: H.A. Simon
- iii) Organisation and Management: F.W. Taylor
- iv) Elements of Public Administration: F.M. Marx

Codes:

- (A) i, ii and iv (B) i, ii and iii (C) ii, iii and iv (D) iv, i and iii

19. The phrase 'developmental bureaucracy' was coined by:

- (A) La Palombora (B) Fred W. Riggs
(C) William Siffin (D) Edward Weidner

20. Who called the Indian Civil Service as the Steel Frame of the Indian Constitution?

- (A) Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru (B) Sardar Patel
(C) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar (D) Govind Ballabh Pant

21. Which is not an advantage of seniority principle of promotion?

- (A) It is more objective and easier in application.
(B) It eliminates internal strife for advancement.
(C) It promotes general morale of the personnel.
(D) It affects the self improvement efforts of the personnel.

22. Which of the following motion is not related when the demand for grants are considered and passed by the Lok Sabha?

- (A) Policy Cut Motion (B) Censure Motion
(C) Economy Cut Motion (D) Token Cut Motion

23. Which is not true about a Money Bill?

- (A) It can be introduced in any of the House.
(B) The Speaker has the final power to decide its character.
(C) The President or Governor, as the case may be, has limited powers in case of a Money Bill.
(D) It shall not be introduced or moved except on the recommendation of the President or Governor, as the case may be.

24. Which one of the following Institutions is responsible for Social Audit?

- (A) Gram Sabha
(B) Village Panchayat
(C) Intermediate Panchayat (Panchayat Samiti)
(D) District Panchayat (Zila Parishad)

25. Arrange the following in the correct sequence of their evolution in the discipline of Public Administration. Use the codes given below for answers.

- i) Motivation-Hygiene Theory
- ii) Ecological Approach
- iii) Need Hierarchy Theory
- iv) Scientific Management Approach

Codes:

- (A) i, ii, iii, iv (B) iv, iii, ii, i
(C) iv, iii, i, ii (D) iii, iv, i, ii

26. Arrange the following experiments conducted by Elton Mayo in the chronological order and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

- i) Mass Interviewing Programme
- ii) Textile Mill Experiment
- iii) Illumination Experiment
- iv) Bank Wiring Experiment

Codes:

- (A) ii, iii, i, iv (B) iv, i, iii, ii (C) iii, i, ii, iv (D) ii, iv, i, iii

27. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

List I

- a) Chester Barnard
- b) Herbert Simon
- c) M.P. Follett
- d) Douglas Mc Gregor

List II

- i) Models of Man
- ii) The Human Side of Enterprise
- iii) The Functions of the Executive
- iv) Creative Experience

Codes:

- | | a | b | c | d | | a | b | c | d |
|-----|-----|---|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|
| (A) | ii | i | iii | iv | (B) | i | ii | iv | iii |
| (C) | iii | i | iv | ii | (D) | iii | ii | i | iv |

28. Match List I with List II. Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

List I

- a) Dismissal
- b) Removal
- c) Suspension
- d) Compulsory Retirement

List II

- i) Is not a punishment and an employee cannot claim protection against it under Article 311
- ii) Does not make one unfit for reemployment under the Government
- iii) Makes one ineligible for reemployment under the Government
- iv) Does not attract the safeguard of Article 311 (2)

Codes:

- | | a | b | c | d | | a | b | c | d |
|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|
| (A) | i | ii | iii | iv | (B) | ii | iii | i | iv |
| (C) | iii | ii | i | iv | (D) | iv | i | ii | iii |

29. Factors responsible for the evolution of the study of Comparative Public Administration is/are:

- (A) Inadequacy of the traditional approach
- (B) Rise of new techniques and concepts of Research
- (C) Desire to develop Comparative Public Administration as an independent subject
- (D) All the above

30. A.V. Dicey has given classical exposition of the Rule of Law in his book

- (A) Introduction to the Study of the Law of the Constitution
- (B) Comparative Study of the Constitution
- (C) Justice and Administrative Law
- (D) Public Administration: A Comparative Perspective

31. Which among the following used the expression 'cow sociologists' for Hawthorne researchers?

- (A) Herbert Simon
- (B) Peter Drucker
- (C) United Auto Workers in the USA
- (D) Comparative Administration Group

32. A prismatic society is characterised by:

- | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| (A) A high degree of homogeneity | (B) A high degree of heterogeneity |
| (C) A high degree of flexibility | (D) None of the above |

33. The USA introduced the performance budgeting after the Second World War on the recommendations of:

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| (A) Grace Commission | (B) Hoover Commission |
| (C) Lee Commission | (D) Islington Commission |

34. Which of the following is not correct about the Budget in India?

- (A) The President of India shall in respect of every financial year cause it to be laid before the Houses of Parliament.
- (B) It is a statement of estimated receipts and expenditures of the Government of India.
- (C) The Constitution refers to it as 'Annual Financial Statement'.
- (D) The Indian Constitution clearly mentioned the word Budget.

35. The President may remove the chairman or member of the Public Service Commission without making a reference to the Supreme Court.

Which is not true in this context.

- (A) The Chairman or Member is adjudged as insolvent.
- (B) The Chairman or Member engages in some paid employment outside while in office.
- (C) The Chairman or Member is guilty of misbehaviour.
- (D) The Chairman or Member is unfit to continue in office due to infirmity of mind or body.

36. Which one among the following is not the primary source of data collection?

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| (A) Interview | (B) Observation |
| (C) Questionnaire | (D) Historical Books |

37. Article 243-B of Indian Constitution provides for:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| (A) Constitution of Panchayats | (B) Gram Sabha |
| (C) Election to the Panchayats | (D) Reservation of seats in Panchayats |

38. The panchayats are described as "Little Republics" by

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| (A) Metcalfe | (B) Lord Ripon |
| (C) Lord HobHouse | (D) Mahatma Gandhi |

39. Which is the correct sequence in descending order of the following organisations? Give correct answer from codes given below:

- i) Cabinet Secretariat
- ii) Department
- iii) Ministry
- iv) Directorate

Codes:

- | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| (A) i, ii, iii, iv | (B) i, iii, iv, ii | (C) i, iii, ii, iv | (D) i, iv, iii, ii |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|

40. Arrange the following in their chronological order.

Use the codes given below:

- i) Paul H. Appleby report
- ii) Gopaldaswamy Ayyangar Report

- iii) N.N. Vohra Report
- iv) Raja J. Chelliah Report

Codes:

- (A) i, ii, iii, iv (B) ii, i, iii, iv (C) ii, i, iv, iii (D) i, ii, iv, iii

41. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

List I

- a) Y. Dror
- b) A. Etzioni
- c) David Truman
- d) V. Ostrom

List II

- i) Mixed Scanning Approach
- ii) Normative Optimum Model
- iii) Governmental Process (Group Theory)
- iv) Public Choice Theory

Codes:

- | | a | b | c | d |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|
| (A) | iv | iii | ii | i |
| (B) | ii | i | iii | iv |
| (C) | iii | iv | ii | i |
| (D) | i | ii | iii | iv |

42. Felix Nigro points out four basic elements of similarity between the public and private administration. Which of the following is not among these four.

- (A) Bureaucratic element
- (B) Service and Cost
- (C) Concept of Techniques of Scientific Management
- (D) Human Relations Approach

43. Who defined bureaucracy as “Organisation that cannot correct its behaviour by learning from its errors”?

- (A) Karl Marx (B) Robert Merton (C) Max Weber (D) M. Crozier

44. Consider the following assumptions of Total Quality Management and select the correct answer by using codes given below:

- i) Quality Focus
- ii) Continuous Improvement
- iii) Top Management Commitment
- iv) Empowerment and Team Management

Codes:

- (A) i and ii (B) i, ii and iii (C) ii, iii and iv (D) iii and iv

45. “The real fault that must be found with the principle of the unity of command is that it is incompatible with the principle of specialisation”. This view was expressed by

- (A) Henri Fayol (B) Max Weber
(C) Herbert Simon (D) Peter Drucker

46. The Department of Investment and Public Asset Management (DIPAM) falls under which of the following Union Ministry?

- (A) Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises
- (B) Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises
- (C) Ministry of Commerce and Industry
- (D) Ministry of Finance

47. Which of the following statements is not correct about the Prime Ministers' Office (PMO)?

- (A) It was previously known as Prime Ministers' Secretariat.
- (B) It is a think tank for Prime Minister.
- (C) It arranges the agenda for cabinet meeting.
- (D) It is fulcrum of economic activities.

48. Employee-Employer relation includes which of the following?

- i) The Work Environment
- ii) Disputes between employees and employer
- iii) Work Schedules
- iv) Health and Safety

Codes:

- (A) i, ii, and iii (B) ii, iii and iv (C) ii and iv (D) i, ii, iii and iv

49. In which of the following Committee of Parliament Deputy Speaker will automatically become Chairman if he is a member of that Committee?

- (A) Committee on Public Undertakings (B) Standing Committee on Commerce
(C) Joint Consultative Committee (D) Public Accounts Committee

50. Which of the following statements about a member of the Council d' Etat in France are correct?

- i) He serves in various ministries as line administrator.
- ii) He advises the government of the day.
- iii) He adjudicates cases brought against the officers of the State.
- iv) He creates a conflict of interests by performing dual functions, instead of enriching administrative adjudication.

Select the correct answer by using codes given below.

Codes:

- (A) i and ii (B) iii and iv (C) i, ii and iii (D) i, ii, iii and iv

x-x-x

Sikh Studies

1. Who is the author of '*Gurbani dian Viakhia Parnalian*'?
A) Bhai Vir Singh
B) Professor Sahib Singh
C) P. Teja Singh
D) Tarn Singh
2. Total contributors of Guru Granth Sahib.
A) 36
B) 31
C) 22
D) 34
3. Find an incorrect match
A) Animism - E. B. Tylor
B) Magic – J. Frazer
C) Mana- E. Durkhiem
D) Totem and Taboo- S. Freud
4. Who was the first custodian (*Granthi*) of Adi Granth.
A) Bhai Gurdass Ji
B) Baba Budda Ji
C) Bhai Mani Singh
D) Baba Deep Singh Ji
5. Find the correct sequence
A) Babur, Humayum, Akbar, Jahagir
B) Babur, Akbar, Humayum, Jahagir
C) Babur, Akabar, Jahagir, Humayum
D) Jahagir, Babur, Humayum, Akbar
6. Find the odd one among the following.
A) Hinduism
B) Buddhism
C) Jainism
D) Judaism
7. Who is the founder of Religious Studies?
A) E. Durkheim
B) Max Mullar
C) E. B. Tylor
D) Karl Marx
8. Find the odd one.
A) Vinaya-pitaka
B) Sutta-pitaka
C) Tri-pitaka
D) Abhidhamma-pitaka
9. Which is not a belief of Christianity?
A) God
B) Father
C) Son
D) Spirit
10. Vedas were written by
A) Gods
B) Brahmins
C) Rishis
D) Sankracharia
11. Sikhism believes in;
A) Polytheism
B) Atheism
C) Animism
D) Monotheism
12. Book "*Kartarpuri Birh de Darshan*" was published by
A) Guru Nanak Dev University, Amritsar
B) Panjab University, Chandigarh
C) Punjabi University, Patiala
D) Punjab Text Book Board
13. Who used word 'Hindustan' for the first time
A) Akabar
B) Bhagat Kabir Ji
C) Bhagat Ravidass
D) Guru Nanak dev Ji

14. Hermeneutics deals with;
A) Belief System B) Rituals C) Scriptures D) Economy
15. The meaning of *Aparigraha* in Jainism is-
A) Non- attachment B) Not killing
C) Not telling lie D) Non-absolutism
16. Which *Bani* is not contained in Guru Granth Sahib
A) *Asa ki Var* B) *Anand Sahib* C) *Sukhmani* D) *Akal Ustat*
17. The religion which does not believes in the theory of rebirth
A) Judaism B) Hinduism C) Jainism D) Buddhism
18. *Sri Guru Granth Sahib Darpan* was written by:
A) Giani Gian Singh B) Bhai Vir Singh
C) Pandit Tara Singh Nirotam D) Prof. Sahib Singh
19. *Sabdarath Sri Guru Granth Sahib* was prepared by
A) Principle Sant Singh Sekhon B) Dr Gurnam Singh
C) Dr. Taran Singh D) Principle Teja Singh
20. Total *raga* in Guru Granth Sahib are;
A) 32 B) 22 C) 31 D) 33
21. Select the right match;
A) Bhagat Namdev- Maharashtra B) Bhagat Jaidev- Rajasthan
C) Bhagat Ravidas- Luknow D) Bhagat Dhana- Bengal
22. Who was the chief editor of Ecyclopaedia of Sikhism
A) Bhai Jodh Singh B) Dr Jodh Singh
C) Prof Harbans Singh D) Prof. Rattan Singh Jagggi
23. Find out the correct match;
A) Bhai Vir Singh- The Spirit of the Sikhs
B) Prof. Puran Singh- Oriental Poetry
C) Sridar Kapur Singh- *Nanak Chamtkar*
D) Bhai Jodh Singh- *Hum Hindu Nahi*
24. The Book “ Sacred And Profane” was written by
A) Marcia Elide B) Emile Durkheim
C) William James D) John Hick

25. Among the following which religious tradition believes in polytheism:
A) Islam B) Judaism C) Buddhism D) Hinduism
26. Philosophy of religion does not deals with:
A) Meta-Physics B) Epistemology C) Ethics D) Materialism
27. Of the following the one that belongs to *Sarguna Bhagatiis*;
A) Meerabai B) Bhagat Kabir C) Ravidas D) Namdev
28. Who was the author of “The Idea of Holy”;
A) Rudolf Otto B) Paul Tillich C) Martin Buber D) William James
29. Which is not a form of primitive religion;
A) Totem B) Mana C) Animism D) Monotheism
30. Evolutionary approach about the origin of religion belongs to;
A) E. B. Tylor B) Max Muller C) Karl Marx D) Charles Darwin
31. *Aasa Ki Var* Bani is directed to be recite on the *dhuni* of;
A) Hanse Maheme di var B) Malak Murida Chanderhare di Var
C) Lala Behleema di var D) Tunde Asraje Di Var
32. Which is not a part of *Panch khand*:
A) Sach Khand B) Dharm Khand C) Naam Khand D) Sharam Khand
33. ‘*Avesta*’ is the scripture of;
A) Sikhism B) Hinduism C) Taoism D) Zoroastrianism
34. Find out the oldest Text:
A) Upanishads B) Vedas C) Puranas D) Adi Grath
35. Which is not a part of ‘*Pursaratha* system’:
A) Karma B) Dharma C) Arth D) Kam
36. International Yoga day has been declared by U.N on:
A) 21 April B) 21 May C) 22 June D) 21 June
37. Old Testament is the scripture of:
A) Hindus B) Jains C) Jews D) Muslims
38. *Agama* texts are related with
A) Jainism B) Buddhism C) Hinduism D) Islam
39. *Dhammpada* is a text of;

- A) Sikhism B) Taoism C) Buddhism D) Jainism
40. Total number of Vedas are
A) 5 B) 4 C) 3 D) 6
41. Who was the Guru of Guru Nanak Dev?
A) Shabad B) Indra dev C) Bhagat Kabir D) Sheikh Fard
42. Shabad "*Gagan mai thal ravi chandu dipka bane....*" was recited by Guru Nanak at;
A) Hariduar B) Kartarpur C) Banaras D) Jagannathpuri
43. As per *Purratan Janamshaki*, "*Na ko Hindu Na Musalman*" was announced by Guru Nanak at the bank of;
A) Satluj B) Ravi C) Vein D) Bias
44. Which Brahmanical ritual was refused by Guru Nanak in his childhood;
A) Janeu B) Tilak C) Dhoti D) Mala
45. Main purpose of *Udasis* (travels) of Guru Nanak was;
A) To convert the people B) To convey his sacred message
C) He wanted to look at the places D) To enjoy the journey
46. Guru Nanak collected the *Bani* of Sheikh Farid from;
A) Sheikh Brahim B) Sheikh Ibrahim C) Sheikh Farid D) Mardana
47. Who claimed himself as fifth Guru in place of Guru Arjan Dev Ji;
A) Baba Buddha ji B) Bhai Gurdass C) Pirithi Chand D) Bhai Datu
48. The Raga of *Sukhmani Bani* is;
A) Gauri B) Majh C) Ramkali D) Sorath
49. How many *Salokas* are in *Japu Ji Bani*
A) 32 B) 3 C) 25 D) 2
50. Guru Granth Sahib contains *Bani* of;
A) Nine Gurus B) Five Gurus C) Ten Gurus D) Six Gurus

x-x-x

Women's Studies

1. The socially learned attitudes and behaviours associated with being male or female are called:
A) Role Behaviour
B) Expressive Role
C) Gender Role
D) Random Role
2. When males assume power over females through consensus that does not necessarily use force, it can be termed as:
A) Inner social logic
B) Hegemonic masculinity
C) Inactive femininity
D) Natural hierarchy
3. 'Closing point of research is the opening point' refers to:
A) Direction for future research
B) Issues in the research
C) Usefulness of research
D) Closing down of research
4. Patriarchy is a social system in which males:
A) Males hold primary power
B) Control property
C) Have social privileges
D) All of these
5. Empowerment is a process of :
A) Becoming strong and confident to control own life and claim rights
B) Giving power to lower groups
C) Training for better jobs
D) Sharing of power
6. Gender Parity Index measures:
A) Access to education of males and females
B) Equal salary of men and women
C) Access to job opportunities by men and women
D) None of these
7. Kohlberg's cognitive theory suggests:
A) Children have no understanding of gender
B) Children's understanding of gender becomes more sophisticated as they get older
C) Children are born with gender sense
D) None of these
8. Feminist anthropology refers to :
A) Research based on female respondents only
B) Research studies for women by women
C) Approach to include social exclusiveness
D) Approach to transform research using insights from feminist theory
9. Liberal Feminism intends to:
A) Focus on opponents to economic and cultural sources of change

- B) Oppose capitalism and private property in society
- C) Call for radical reordering of society
- D) Emphasize legal and political rights of women as equal to men

10. Black Feminism is a school of thought that underlines:

- A) The issues of one group of society over others
- B) Sexism, class oppression, gender identity and racism are bound together
- C) The problems of some women should be studied separately
- D) Feminist issues change from place to place

11. Nari Bahini refers to :

- A) Women's organization to educate other women
- B) Group to train women leaders
- C) Women militia in Tebhaga movement
- D) Women's group to target family of victims

12. Mahila Mangal Dals were formed to:

- A) Support the Chipko movement
- B) Check female infanticide
- C) To support Telengana movement
- D) To educate women in north east region

13. VDPA refers to:

- A) Violent Development Plan of Action
- B) Vir Das People's Association
- C) Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action
- D) Viral Disease Project All

14. UN-INSTRAW stands for:

- A) United Nations International Rights and Training Institute for Advancement of Women
- B) United Nations Institute for Regional Association of Women
- C) United Nations International Trust for Rural Adivasi Women
- D) United Nations International Series training for Asian Women

15. Maternal Mortality ratio refers to :

- A) Death of women in childbirth
- B) Rate of infant mortality at birth
- C) Critical age of women giving birth
- D) Deaths/ 100,000 live births

16. Which of the following is not a project for women's upliftment:

- A) Mahila Jagriti Yojna
- B) Jan Shree Bima Yojna
- C) Janani Seva Yojna
- D) Kishori Shakti Yojna

17. UJJAWALA is a scheme to:

- A) Prevent, rescue and rehabilitate women victims of trafficking

- B) Create bright future for women by providing work opportunities
- C) Educate the girl child up to higher levels and find placements
- D) Provide basic housing and food to BPL families

18. Agenda 21 is a programme for :

- A) Prevention of child marriage
- B) Promoting sustainable development
- C) Provision of basic requirements to refugees
- D) List of 21 issues facing women

19. Which of the following is not required under the Special Marriage Act 1954:

- A) No living spouse at time of marriage under this Act
- B) One year notice
- C) Call for objections to the marriage, if any
- D) Minimum age male 21 female 18 years

20. Muta Marriage is a kind of :

- A) Temporary marriage for fixed duration
- B) Marriage between related persons
- C) Marriage of non muslim with muslim person
- D) Marriage on bride price

21. With reference to women's rights in a police station identify the incorrect statement:

- A) Cannot be arrested after sunset or before sunrise
- B) Cannot be called to police station for interrogation alone
- C) Right to privacy in recording statement
- D) Permitted special privileges in lock up

22. Concept of Zero FIR means:

- A) FIR can be filed in any police station irrespective of jurisdiction
- B) No FIR is pending with police station
- C) FIR process and investigation has been completed in each case
- D) None of the above

23. Glass ceiling refers to:

- A) Specified limits for privacy and privileges to women
- B) Unlimited opportunities to women in the workplace
- C) Clear demarcation of space in workplace for women
- D) Unacknowledged barrier to professional advancement for women

24. Additive history implies:

- A) Making additions to existing studies on women
- B) Reexamination of sources to highlight role of women
- C) Using women specific sources in writing history
- D) Adding new concepts to study the past

25. Stridhan refers to :

- A) Gifts and presents to bride at the time of marriage
- B) Property bought by a woman
- C) Profit made from business by a woman
- D) Wealth accumulated after marriage

26. DAWN stand for:

- A) Delhi Action plan for Women's Negotiations
- B) Development Alternatives for Women of new Era
- C) Development Association for Women's Needs
- D) Delhi Association for Working Non government employees

27. Pratiloma refers to a marriage where the :

- A) Woman is from high caste man from lower caste
- B) Man is from high caste woman from lower caste
- C) Both partners are from same caste
- D) Man from a caste group woman from outcaste group

28. Contributive history accepts the following:

- A) Private property restricts economic activity of women
- B) Women contribute very little to the economy
- C) Patriarchy is an obstacle to women's actions
- D) Women's contribution is largely in the social sphere

29. Which of the following is not a supporter of Marxist/Socialist Feminism:

- A) Maria Mies B) Juliet Mitchell C) Gayle Rubin D) Mary Wollstonecraft

30. Who is a strong supporter of eco-feminism from the list below:

- A) Vandana Shiva B) Sarala Devi Chaudharani
- C) Begum Rokeya D) Maneka Gandhi

31. Hypothesis is a :

- A) Grounded theory for research B) Final answer to research problem
- C) Tentative answer to research question D) Final supposition in research

32. Oral narratives attempt to find:

- A) Alternative truths B) Single explanation
- C) Authority D) Ground realities

33. *Stree Purush Tulana* was written by:

- A) Veena Mazudhar B) Bina Agarwal
- C) Chandra Mohanty D) Tarabai Shinde

34. Gender Budget refers to :

- A) Separate budget for women
- B) Preparing/ analyzing budget from gender perspective
- C) Allocation of resources for one specific gender

D) Gender insensitive budget

35. Which of the following conditions is not valid to declare a Void marriage under Hindu Marriage Act 1954:

- A) If either party is already married
- B) There is no parental consent
- C) If the persons fall within degrees of prohibited relations for marriage
- D) None of the above

36. The first UN World Conference on Women was held at:

- A) Nairobi 1985
- B) Mexico 1992
- C) Copenhagen 1975
- D) Mexico city 1975

37. According to the NCRB 2013 Annual Report in all cases of rape across India:

- A) 90 % perpetrators were known to victim
- B) 75% accused were known to victim
- C) 98% accused were known to victim
- D) Only 5% were known to victim

38. Housework refers to :

- A) Cooking and cleaning
- B) Laundering
- C) Housekeeping
- D) Bookkeeping

39. The first woman trade union leader in India was:

- A) Anasuya Sarabhai
- B) Amarjeet Kaur
- C) Ela Bhatt
- D) Vijaylakshmi Pandit

40. NRI marriages have several issues. Which is incorrect from the following:

- A) Concealment of previous marriage
- B) Isolation in alien environment
- C) Abandonment
- D) Cannot be registered

41. The largest single cause of female migration in India :

- A) Marriage
- B) Employment
- C) Business
- D) Lack of security

42. Which of the following statements about the NCW is inaccurate:

- A) Set up under an Act in 1990
- B) First committee constituted in 1992
- C) Dr. Mohini Giri was the first Chairperson of NCW
- D) Seventh Chairperson was Lalitha Kumaramangalam

43. Identify the incorrect statement about the 74th Amendment to the Constitution:

- A) Introduced a new part IX A dealing with Municipalities
- B) Amendment was passed in 1992
- C) Gives constitutional status to Municipalities
- D) Places no constitutional obligations on Municipalities

44. In the Mines Act 1952 which of the following provisions was not applicable to women:

- A) Prohibition from working below ground
- B) The time frame for work was 6 am to 7 pm
- C) A break of 14 hours between shifts was required
- D) All of the above

45. Which of the statements given below is incorrect in the event of a woman's arrest:

- A) Cannot be arrested before sunrise or after sunset
- B) To be informed of grounds of arrest
- C) To be produced before Magistrate without delay
- D) Cannot be examined by Medical Officer

46. Research leads to:

- A) Curiosity and growth
- B) Insights and questions
- C) Creativity and curiosity
- D) Hypothesis and growth

47. Methodology includes:

- A) Tradition and custom
- B) Authority and data
- C) Techniques and philosophy
- D) Data and tradition

48. 'Coding' means attaching a set of ---:

- A) Prescriptive label to images
- B) Illustrative label to the images
- C) Menu label to images
- D) Descriptive label to images

49. Content analysis is a way of understanding the -----qualities of texts:

- A) Symbolic
- B) Compositional
- C) Contextual
- D) Descriptive

50. Understanding phenomena in a comprehensive, holistic way is part of :

- A) Interpretative methodology
- B) Deductive methodology
- C) Empirical methodology
- D) Limited methodology

x-x-x